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187  
CONSTITUTIONS

OF THE  
ANTIEN FRATERNITY

Free and Accepted Masons.

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CONTAINING  
THE CHARGES, REGULATIONS,

ETC., ETC.

---

PUBLISHED BY  
THE AUTHORITY OF THE UNITED GRAND LODGE,  
By JOHN HERVEY,

*As Grand Secretary.*

---

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS.

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	PAGE
Sanction .....	v
Summary of Antient Charges and Regulations .....	vii
Antient Charges of a Freemason .....	1
General Regulations of the Grand Lodge .....	16
Regulations during Public Business in Grand Lodge .....	26
Of the Grand Master and Pro Grand Master .....	29
Deputy Grand Master.....	33
Grand Wardens .....	33
Grand Chaplains .....	34
Grand Treasurer.....	34
Grand Registrar .....	35
President of the Board of General Purposes .....	36
Grand Secretary .....	37
Grand Deacons .....	38
Grand Superintendent of Works, Director and Assistant Director of Ceremonies, Sword-Bearer, Organist, and Pursuivant .....	39
Grand Standard Bearers .....	40
Grand Tyler.....	41
Grand Stewards .....	42
Grand Stewards' Lodge.....	44
Provincial or District Grand Master .....	45
Deputy Provincial Grand Master.....	50
Provincial Grand Wardens and other Officers.....	50
Provincial Grand Stewards .....	51
Provincial Grand Lodges .....	52

## TABLE OF CONTENTS.

	PAGE
Of District Grand Lodges in the Colonies and Foreign Parts .....	55
Private Lodges .....	61
Lodges within the London District .....	72
Country Lodges .....	72
Military Lodges .....	74
Masters and Wardens of Lodges .....	76
Members of Lodges and their Duty .....	79
Proposing Members, Making, Passing, and Raising Lodges of Instruction .....	82
Visitors .....	88
Certificates .....	89
Removal of Lodges .....	92
Public Processions .....	93
Tylers .....	94
Appeal .....	95
Fund of Benevolence .....	96
Board of General Purposes .....	107
Colonial Board.....	114
Fees payable to the Funds of General Purposes and Benevolence.....	115
Regalia.....	118
Jewels .....	118
Aprons .....	123
Constituting a New Lodge .....	126
Public Ceremonies .....	132
Masonic Funerals .....	136
Centenary Jewel.....	137
Index.....	139
Appendix, being Drawings of the various Jewels.	

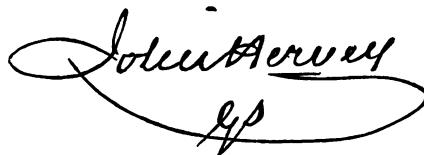


## UNITED GRAND LODGE OF ENGLAND.

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THE GRAND LODGE HAVING RESOLVED—

“That an edition of the ‘Book of Constitutions,’ with the additions and alterations sanctioned by the Grand Lodge, be printed under the superintendence of the Board of General Purposes, the Board have accordingly superintended the present publication.”



A handwritten signature in cursive ink, reading "John Murray", with "G.P." written below it. The signature is enclosed in a large, roughly drawn oval.

*Freemasons' Hall, London,*  
*January, 1873.*

*Summary of the ANTIENT CHARGES AND REGULATIONS to be read by the Secretary (or acting Secretary), to the MASTER ELECT, prior to his Installation into the Chair of a Lodge.*

---

1. You agree to be a good Man and true, and strictly to obey the Moral Law.
2. You are to be a peaceable Subject, and cheerfully to conform to the Laws of the Country in which you reside.
3. You promise not to be concerned in Plots or Conspiracies against Government, but patiently to submit to the decisions of the Supreme Legislature.
4. You agree to pay a proper respect to the Civil Magistrate, to work diligently, live creditably, and act honourably by all Men.
5. You agree to hold in veneration the original Rulers and Patrons of the Order of Free-Masonry, and their regular Successors, supreme and subordinate, according to their Stations ; and to submit to the Awards and Resolutions of your Brethren in general Lodge convened, in every case consistent with the Constitutions of the order.

6. You agree to avoid private piques and quarrels, and to guard against intemperance and excess.

7. You agree to be cautious in your carriage and behaviour, courteous to your Brethren, and faithful to your Lodge.

8. You promise to respect genuine and true Brethren, and to discountenance Impostors and all Dissenters from the original Plan of Free-Masonry.

9. You agree to promote the general good of Society, to cultivate the Social Virtues, and to propagate the knowledge of the Mystic Art as far as your influence and ability can extend.

10. You promise to pay homage to the Grand Master for the time being, and to his Officers when duly installed, and strictly to conform to every Edict of the Grand Lodge.

11. You admit that it is not in the power of any Man or Body of Men to make innovation in the Body of Masonry.

12. You promise a regular attendance on the Communications and Committees of the Grand Lodge, upon receiving proper notice thereof; and to pay attention to all the duties of Free-Masonry upon proper and convenient occasions.

13. You admit that no new Lodge can be formed without permission of the Grand Master or his Deputy, and that no countenance ought

to be given to any irregular Lodge, or to any person initiated therein ; and that no public processions of Masons clothed with the Badges of the Order can take place without the special Licence of the Grand Master or his Deputy.

14. You admit that no person can regularly be made a Free-Mason or admitted a Member of any lodge without previous Notice and due inquiry into his Character ; and that no Brother can be advanced to a higher Degree except in strict conformity with the Laws of the Grand Lodge.

15. You promise that no Visitor shall be received into your Lodge without due examination, and producing proper Vouchers of his having been initiated in a regular Lodge.

---

At the conclusion the Installing Officer addresses the Master-Elect as follows :—"Do you "submit to and promise to support these "Charges and Regulations as Masters have "done in all ages?" Upon his answering in the affirmative the Ceremony of Installation proceeds.

THE  
CHARGES  
OF A  
FREE-MASON:  
EXTRACTED FROM  
THE ANTIENT RECORDS OF LODGES BEYOND SEA,  
AND OF THOSE IN  
ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, AND IRELAND,  
*for the use of Lodges,*  
TO BE READ  
AT THE MAKING OF NEW BRETHREN, OR WHEN THE MASTER  
SHALL ORDER IT.

---

*Published by Order of the Grand Lodge.*

THE GENERAL HEADS OF THE  
CHARGES OF A FREE-MASON,

&c. &c.

- I. *Of God and Religion.*
- II. *Of the Civil Magistrate supreme and subordinate.*
- III. *Of Lodges.*
- IV. *Of Masters, Wardens, Fellows, and Apprentices.*
- V. *Of the Management of the Craft in Working.*
- VI. *Of Behaviour, viz. :—*
  1. *In the Lodge while constituted.*
  2. *After the Lodge is over and the Brethren not gone.*
  3. *When Brethren meet without Strangers, but not in a Lodge.*
  4. *In presence of Strangers not Masons.*
  5. *At home and in the Neighbourhood.*
  6. *Towards a strange Brother.*

THE  
CHARGES  
OF A  
FREE-MASON,  
ETC., ETC.

---

1.—*Concerning GOD and RELIGION.*

A MASON is obliged, by his tenure, to obey the moral law ; and if he rightly understand the art he will never be a stupid atheist nor an irreligious libertine. He, of all men, should best understand that GOD seeth not as man seeth ; for man looketh at the outward appearance, but GOD looketh to the heart. A mason is, therefore, particularly bound never to act against the dictates of his conscience. Let a man's religion or mode of worship be what it may, he is not excluded from the order, provided he believe in the glorious architect of heaven and earth, and practise the sacred duties of morality. Masons

unite with the virtuous of every persuasion in the firm and pleasing bond of fraternal love: they are taught to view the errors of mankind with compassion, and to strive, by the purity of their own conduct, to demonstrate the superior excellence of the faith they may profess. Thus masonry is the centre of union between good men and true, and the happy means of conciliating friendship amongst those who must otherwise have remained at a perpetual distance.

## II.—*Of the CIVIL MAGISTRATE, SUPREME and SUBORDINATE.*

A MASON is a peaceable subject to the civil powers, wherever he resides or works, and is never to be concerned in plots and conspiracies against the peace and welfare of the nation, nor to behave himself undutifully to inferior magistrates. He is cheerfully to conform to every lawful authority; to uphold, on every occasion, the interest of the community, and zealously promote the prosperity of his own country. Masonry has ever flourished in times of peace and been always injured by war, bloodshed, and confusion; so that kings and princes, in every age, have been much disposed to encourage the craftsmen on account of their peaceableness and

loyalty, whereby they practically answer the cavils of their adversaries and promote the honour of the fraternity. Craftsmen are bound by peculiar ties to promote peace, cultivate harmony, and live in concord and brotherly love.

### III.—*Of LODGES.*

A LODGE is a place where free-masons assemble to work and to instruct and improve themselves in the mysteries of the antient science. In an extended sense it applies to persons as well as to place ; hence every regular assembly or duly organized meeting of masons is called a lodge. Every brother ought to belong to some lodge, and be subject to its by-laws and the general regulations of the craft. A lodge may be either general or particular, as will be best understood by attending it, and there a knowledge of the established usages and customs of the craft is alone to be acquired. From antient times no master or fellow could be absent from his lodge, especially when warned to appear at it, without incurring a severe censure, unless it appeared to the master and wardens that pure necessity hindered him.

The persons made masons or admitted members of a lodge must be good and true men,

free-born and of mature and discreet age and sound judgment, no bond-men, no women, no immoral or scandalous men, but of good report.

IV.—*Of MASTERS, WARDENS, FELLOWS, and APPRENTICES.*

ALL preferment among masons is grounded upon real worth and personal merit only ; that so the lords may be well served, the brethren not put to shame, nor the royal craft despised ; therefore no master or warden is chosen by seniority, but for his merit. It is impossible to describe these things in writing, and therefore every brother must attend in his place, and learn them in a way peculiar to this fraternity. Candidates may, nevertheless, know that no master should take an apprentice, unless he has sufficient employment for him ; and, unless he be a perfect youth, having no maim or defect in his body that may render him incapable of learning the art, of serving his master's lord, and of being made a brother, and then a fellow-craft in due time, after he has served such a term of years as the custom of the country directs ; and that he should be descended of honest parents ; that so, when otherwise qualified, he may arrive to the honour of being the warden, and then the

master of the lodge, the grand warden, and at length the grand master of all the lodges, according to his merit.

No brother can be a warden until he has passed the part of a fellow-craft, nor a master until he has acted as a warden, nor grand warden until he has been master of a lodge, nor grand master unless he has been a fellow-craft before his election, who is also to be nobly born, or a gentleman of the best fashion, or some eminent scholar, or some curious architect, or other artist, descended of honest parents, and who is of singularly great merit in the opinion of the lodges. And for the better, and easier, and more honourable discharge of his office, the grand master has a power to choose his own deputy grand master, who must then be, or have formerly been, the master of a particular lodge and who has the privilege of acting whatever the grand master, his principal, should act, unless the said principal be present, or interpose his authority by letter.

These rulers and governors supreme and subordinate, of the antient lodge, are to be obeyed in their respective stations by all the brethren, according to the old charges and regulations, with all humility, reverence, love, and alacrity.

*N.B.—In ancient times no brother, however*

*skilled in the craft, was called a master-mason until he had been elected into the chair of a lodge.*

V.—*Of the MANAGEMENT of the CRAFT in WORKING.*

ALL masons shall work honestly on working days, that they may live creditably on holy days ; and the time appointed by the law of the land, or confirmed by custom, shall be observed.

The most expert of the fellow-craftsmen shall be chosen or appointed the master, or overseer of the lord's work ; who is to be called master by those that work under him. The craftsmen are to avoid all ill language, and to call each other by no disobliging name, but brother or fellow ; and to behave themselves courteously within and without the lodge.

The master, knowing himself to be able of cunning, shall undertake the lord's work as reasonably as possible, and truly dispend his goods as if they were his own ; nor to give more wages to any brother or apprentice than he really may deserve.

Both the master and the masons receiving their wages justly, shall be faithful to the lord, and honestly finish their work, whether task or

journey ; nor put the work to task that hath been accustomed to journey.

None shall discover envy at the prosperity of a brother, nor supplant him, nor put him out of his work, if he be capable to finish the same ; for no man can finish another's work so much to the lord's profit, unless he be thoroughly acquainted with the designs and draughts of him that began it.

When a fellow-craftsman is chosen warden of the work under the master, he shall be true both to master and fellows, shall carefully oversee the work in the master's absence, to the lord's profit ; and his brethren shall obey him.

All masons employed shall meekly receive their wages without murmuring or mutiny, and not desert the master till the work be finished.

A younger brother shall be instructed in working, to prevent spoiling the materials for want of judgment, and for increasing and continuing of brotherly love.

All the tools used in working shall be approved by the grand lodge.

No labourer shall be employed in the proper work of masonry ; nor shall free-masons work with those that are not free, without an urgent necessity ; nor shall they teach labourers and unaccepted masons, as they should teach a brother or fellow.

VI.—*Of BEHAVIOUR, viz.*

## 1.—IN THE LODGE WHILE CONSTITUTED.

YOU are not to hold private committees, or separate conversation, without leave from the master, nor to talk of anything impertinently or unseemly, nor interrupt the master or wardens, or any brother speaking to the master: nor behave yourself ludicrously or jestingly while the lodge is engaged in what is serious and solemn; nor use any unbecoming language upon any pretence whatsoever; but to pay due reverence to your master, wardens, and fellows, and put them to worship.

If any complaint be brought, the brother found guilty shall stand to the award and determination of the lodge, who are the proper and competent judges of all such controversies (unless you carry them by appeal to the grand lodge), and to whom they ought to be referred, unless a lord's work be hindered the mean while, in which case a particular reference may be made; but you must never go to law about what concerneth masonry, without an absolute necessity apparent to the lodge.

2.—BEHAVIOUR AFTER THE LODGE IS OVER,  
AND THE BRETHREN NOT GONE.

You may enjoy yourselves with innocent mirth, treating one another according to ability, but avoiding all excess, or forcing any brother to eat or drink beyond his inclination, or hindering him from going when his occasions call him, or doing or saying anything offensive, or that may forbid an easy and free conversation ; for that would blast our harmony, and defeat our laudable purposes. Therefore no private piques or quarrels must be brought within the door of the lodge, far less any quarrels about religion, or nations, or state policy, we being only, as masons, of the universal religion above-mentioned ; we are also of all nations, tongues, kindreds, and languages, and are resolved against all politics, as what never yet conduced to the welfare of the lodge, nor ever will.

3.—BEHAVIOUR WHEN BRETHREN MEET WITHOUT STRANGERS, BUT NOT IN A LODGE FORMED.

You are to salute one another in a courteous manner, as you will be instructed, calling each

other brother, freely giving mutual instruction as shall be thought expedient, without being overseen or overheard, and without encroaching upon each other, or derogating from that respect which is due to any brother, were he not a mason ; for though all masons are, as brethren, upon the same level, yet masonry takes no honour, from a man that he had before ; nay, rather it adds to his honour, especially if he has deserved well of the brotherhood, who must give honour to whom it is due, and avoid ill manners.

**4.—BEHAVIOUR IN PRESENCE OF STRANGERS,  
NOT MASONS.**

You shall be cautious in your words and carriage, that the most penetrating stranger shall not be able to discover or find out what is not proper to be intimated ; and sometimes you shall divert a discourse, and manage it prudently for the honour of the worshipful fraternity.

**5.—BEHAVIOUR AT HOME AND IN YOUR  
NEIGHBOURHOOD.**

You are to act as becomes a moral and wise man ; particularly not to let your family,

friends, and neighbours, know the concerns of the lodge, &c., but wisely to consult your own honour, and that of your antient brotherhood, for reasons not to be mentioned here. You must also consult your health by not continuing together too late or too long from home after lodge hours are past; and by avoiding of gluttony or drunkenness, that your families be not neglected or injured, nor you disabled from working.

#### 6.—BEHAVIOUR TOWARDS A STRANGE BROTHER.

You are cautiously to examine him in such a method as prudence shall direct you, that you may not be imposed upon by an ignorant, false pretender, whom you are to reject with contempt and derision, and beware of giving him any hints of knowledge.

But if you discover him to be a true and genuine brother, you are to respect him accordingly; and if he is in want you must relieve him if you can, or else direct him how he may be relieved. You must employ him some days, or else recommend him to be employed. But you are not charged to do beyond your ability; only to prefer a poor brother that is a good

man and true before any other poor people in the same circumstances.

Finally,—All these charges you are to observe and also those that shall be communicated to you in another way; cultivating brotherly love, the foundation and cope-stone, the cement and glory, of this antient fraternity, avoiding all wrangling and quarrelling, all slander and backbiting, nor permitting others to slander any honest brother, but defending his character and doing him all good offices, as far at is consistent with your honour and safety, and no farther. And if any of them do you injury, you must apply to your own or his lodge; and from thence you may appeal to the grand lodge at the quarterly communication, as has been the antient laudable conduct of our forefathers in every nation; never taking a legal course but when the case cannot be otherwise decided, and patiently listening to the honest and friendly advice of master and fellows, when they would prevent your going to law with strangers, or would excite you to put a speedy period to all law-suits, that so you may find the affair of masonry with the more alacrity and success; but with respect to brothers or fellows at law, the master and brethren should kindly offer their mediation, which ought to be thankfully submitted to by the contending brethren; and if that submission is impracticable,

they must, however, carry on their process, or law-suit, without wrath and rancour (not in the common way), saying or doing nothing which may hinder brotherly love and good offices to be renewed and continued, that all may see the benign influence of masonry, as all true masons have done from the beginning of the world, and will do to the end of time.

*Amen, so mote it be.*

REGULATIONS  
FOR THE  
*GOVERNMENT OF THE CRAFT.*

---

BY the solemn Act of Union between the two Grand Lodges of Free-masons of England in December, 1813, it was "declared and pronounced that pure Antient Masonry consists of three degrees and no more, viz., those of "the Entered Apprentice, the Fellow Craft, and "the Master Mason, including the Supreme "Order of the Holy Royal Arch."

The public interests of the fraternity are managed by a general representation of all private lodges on record, together with the grand stewards of the year and the present and past grand officers, and the grand master at their head. This collective body is styled THE UNITED GRAND LODGE OF ANTIENT FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS OF ENGLAND, and its members rank in the following order:—

1. The Grand Master,
2. The Pro Grand Master,
3. Past Grand Masters,
4. Past Pro Grand Masters,
5. Deputy Grand Master,
6. Past Deputy Grand Masters,

7. Provincial and District Grand Masters,
8. Past Provincial and District Grand Masters,
9. Grand Wardens,
10. Past Grand Wardens,
11. Grand Chaplains,
12. Past Grand Chaplains,
13. Grand Treasurer,
14. Past Grand Treasurers,
15. Grand Registrar,
16. Past Grand Registrars,
17. President of the Board of General Pur-  
poses,
18. Past Presidents of the Board of General  
Purposes,
19. Grand Secretary,
20. Past Grand Secretaries,
21. Grand Deacons,
22. Past Grand Deacons,
23. Grand Superintendent of Works,
24. Past Grand Superintendents of Works,
25. Grand Director of Ceremonies,
26. Past Grand Directors of Ceremonies,
27. Assistant Grand Director of Ceremonies,
28. Past Assistant Grand Directors of Cere-  
monies,
29. Grand Sword Bearer,
30. Past Grand Sword Bearers,
31. Grand Organist,
32. Past Grand Organists,

33. Grand Pursuivant,  
34. Assistant Grand Pursuivant,  
The Grand Stewards of the year,  
The Master, Past Masters, and Wardens of  
the Grand Stewards' Lodge, and of every  
other private Lodge.

1. Every brother regularly elected and installed as master of a lodge, under the constitution of the grand lodge of England, who has executed that office for one year, shall, so long as he continues a subscribing member of any lodge, rank as a past master, and be a member of the grand lodge. Subscription as a member of any lodge is sufficient to preserve his rank and rights as a past master; but having for twelve months ceased to subscribe to any lodge, he shall no longer continue a member of the grand lodge: nor can he regain that privilege until again installed master of a lodge.

2. Brethren of eminence and ability, who have rendered service to the craft, may, by a vote of the grand lodge, duly confirmed, be constituted members of the grand lodge, with such rank and distinction as may be thought proper.

3. No member of the grand lodge shall attend therein without his proper jewel and clothing; nor shall any member be permitted to wear in

the grand lodge, or in any private lodge, any jewel, medal, or device belonging or appertaining to any order or degree not recognized by the grand lodge of England as part of pure antient masonry.

4. Should any lodge have neglected to make its returns and payments to the grand lodge for the space of one year, the master, wardens, and past masters of such lodge shall not be permitted to attend any meeting of the grand lodge until such returns and payments shall have been completed.

5. No brother shall be permitted to attend the grand lodge as master, past master, or warden, until his name and appointment shall have been duly returned to the grand secretary. *See page 69, Art. 25, and page 78, Art. 7.*

6. No brother shall hold more than one office in the grand lodge at one and the same time.

7. Four grand lodges shall be holden, for quarterly communication, in each year, viz., on the First Wednesday in the months of March, June, September, and December, at which none shall be present but the proper members without permission of the grand master. No visitor shall speak to any question without leave of the grand master, nor shall he, on any occasion, be permitted to vote.

8. It being essential to the interests of the craft that all matters of business to be brought under the consideration of the grand lodge should be previously known to the grand officers and masters of lodges, that, through them all the representatives of lodges may be apprised of such business, and be prepared to decide thereon, without being taken by surprise, a general committee, consisting of the present and past grand officers, and the master of every regular lodge, shall meet on the Wednesday fortnight immediately preceding each quarterly communication, at which meeting all reports or representations from the most worshipful grand master, or the board of general purposes, or any board or committee appointed by the grand lodge, shall be read ; and any member of the grand lodge intending to make motion therein, or to submit any matter to its consideration, shall, at such general committee, state, in writing, the nature of his intended motion or business, that the same may be read. No motion, or other matter, shall be brought into discussion in the grand lodge, unless it shall have been previously communicated to this general committee. No nomination for any board or committee shall be received, unless it be in writing, signed by a member of grand lodge : the masonic rank of every proposed candidate,

with the name and number of his lodge, must be stated.

Notices of motion once given shall stand on the paper of business in their order of precedence, if renewed at the general committee, until they have been considered by grand lodge, or otherwise disposed of.

9. The general committee, when assembled, shall be governed by the laws enacted for preserving order in the grand lodge during the time of business. If the master of any lodge cannot attend, the immediate past master may supply his place; should that brother be unable to attend, some other past master of such lodge may act for him, but in every case the past master must be a subscribing member of that lodge.

10. At such committee, three masters or past masters of lodges shall be nominated, who shall attend, within the porch of the grand lodge, at the subsequent quarterly communication for the purpose of guarding, under the superintendence of the grand pursuivant, against the admission of any but those who are qualified, have their proper clothing and jewels, have signed their names to the accustomed papers, and are in all respects entitled to admission. The three brethren so nominated shall be assisted by

three grand stewards of the year, who shall be summoned to attend for that purpose in rotation, according to the numbers of the lodges which they represent. For the like purpose, the grand master shall nominate six brethren to attend in the porch of the grand lodge, on the day of the grand festival, and also on any special meeting of the grand lodge.

11. In order that all lodges may be duly informed of the business to come before grand lodge, the printed report of the proceedings of the last grand lodge, and a printed copy of the notices of motion for the ensuing grand lodge, shall be sent to all lodges in England at least ten days before each quarterly communication. A paper of the business to be transacted in grand lodge shall be placed in the hands of each member on his entrance into the hall. All brethren, being members of grand lodge, may have such papers of business and notices of special grand lodge meetings, together with all reports of the quarterly communications forwarded to them by post on registering their addresses and paying a fee of five shillings per annum in advance.

12. The grand master, in his absence, the pro grand master, in his absence, the deputy grand master, or, in his absence, the grand wardens,

may summon and hold grand lodges of emergency, whenever the good of the craft shall, in their opinion, require it; the particular reason for convening such lodge of emergency shall be expressed in the summons, and no other business shall be entered upon at that meeting.

13. There shall be a masonic festival, annually, on the Wednesday next following St. George's Day, which shall be dedicated to brotherly love and refreshment, and to which all regular masons may have access, on providing themselves with tickets from the grand stewards of the year. No private lodge within the London district shall have a masonic feast on the day of the grand festival.

14. If, at any grand lodge, stated or occasional, the grand master be absent, the lodge shall be ruled by the grand officer or past grand officer next in rank and seniority who may be present, and, if no grand officer be present, by the master of the senior lodge.

N.B. The grand lodge is declared to be opened in *ample form* when the grand master or pro grand master is present, in *due form* when a past grand master or the deputy presides, at all other times, only in *form*, yet with the same authority.

15. All powers and authorities, rules and regulations, for the government of the grand lodge, or provincial grand lodges, or private lodges, or boards, or committees respectively, during times of public business or meetings, or proceedings, shall be used and exercised, and enforced respectively by the officers or members by any law or constitution authorized to preside or act in the absence of the grand master, or any superior officer or member in such lodges, boards, or committees, or in the general government of the craft, as fully to all intents and purposes as if such substitute officers or members were specified in every law or constitution in which any powers or authorities are given, or rules or regulations prescribed for the principals, unless special provision is made to the contrary.

16. The grand lodge alone has the inherent power of enacting laws and regulations for the government of the craft, and of altering, repealing, and abrogating them, always taking care that the antient landmarks of the order be preserved. The grand lodge has also the power of investigating, regulating, and deciding all matters relative to the craft, or to particular lodges, or to individual brothers, which it may exercise either of itself or by such delegated authority as, in its

wisdom and discretion, it may appoint ; but in the grand lodge alone resides the power of erasing lodges and expelling brethren from the craft, a power which it does not delegate to any subordinate authority in England.

17. No lodge shall be erased, nor any brother expelled, until the master or officers of the lodge, or the offending brother, shall have been summoned to show cause, in the grand lodge, why such sentence should not be recorded and enforced.

18. All differences or complaints that cannot be accommodated privately, or in a regular lodge, shall be reduced into writing, and delivered to the grand secretary, who shall lay the same before the grand master, or the board of general purposes, or other board or committee appointed by the grand lodge. When all parties shall have been summoned to attend thereon, and the case investigated, such order and adjudication shall be made as is authorized by the laws and regulations of masonry.

19. When any memorial, petition, or other document shall be presented by a member of the grand lodge, either on behalf of himself or another, he shall declare that such document does not contain improper matter, or offensive or indecorous language.

REGULATIONS *for the GOVERNMENT of  
GRAND LODGE during the time of PUB-  
LIC BUSINESS, to be read at the Quarterly  
Communication in March.*

1. THE grand lodge being opened, the minutes of the last quarterly communication, and of any intervening grand lodge, are to be read and respectively put for confirmation ; but reports, communications, or documents approved or rejected at any previous meeting, shall not be read in extenso, unless called for by a brother with a view of founding a motion thereon. All communications from the grand master, and reports from the board of benevolence and other boards, are then to be read and taken into consideration, and the other business to be regularly proceeded with.
2. At the third stroke of the grand master's gavel, or whenever the grand master shall call to order, there shall be general silence.
3. All members shall keep their seats, except the grand deacons, grand director of ceremonies, his assistant, and grand stewards, who are allowed to move about, in the discharge of their duties.

4. No brother shall speak twice to the same question, unless in explanation, or the mover in reply.

5. Every one who speaks shall rise and remain standing, addressing himself to the grand master, nor shall any brother presume to interrupt him, unless to address the grand master to order, or the grand master shall think fit to call him to order, but after he has been set right, he may proceed if he observe due order and decorum.

6. If any member shall have been twice called to order for transgressing these rules, and shall nevertheless be guilty of a third offence at the same meeting, the grand master shall peremptorily command him to quit the lodge for that meeting.

7. Whoever shall be so unmasonic as to hiss at a brother, or at what he has said, shall forthwith be solemnly excluded, and declared incapable of being a member of grand lodge, until, at another time, he publicly own his fault, and grace be granted.

8. No motion for a grant of money, for a new law or regulation, or for the alteration or repeal of an old one, shall be made, until communicated

to the general committee on the Wednesday fortnight preceding the quarterly communication, nor until it shall have been handed up in writing to the grand master. After having been perused and found by him not to contain anything contrary to the antient landmarks of the order, the motion may be proposed, and on being seconded, the question shall be put thereon. If carried, and confirmed at the next ensuing meeting of grand lodge, it becomes a law.

9. All matters are to be decided by a majority of votes, each member having one vote, and the grand master two votes, unless the lodge think proper to leave any particular subject to the determination of the grand master. The votes of the members are to be signified by each holding up one of his hands, and the motion is then to be declared as carried or lost; but if two members demand that the votes be counted, the brethren in favour of the motion shall pass to one side of the grand lodge, and those against it to the other, when they shall be counted by the grand deacons, the mover and seconder of the motion, and two of its opponents; provided such demand appear reasonable to the grand master.

10. No motion on a new subject shall be made nor any new matter entered upon after ten o'clock at night.

*Of GRAND MASTER*

AND

*PRO GRAND MASTER.*

1. THE grand master shall, according to ancient usage, be nominated at the quarterly communication in December, in every year, being the meeting nearest to the winter solstice, and at the grand lodge nearest to the vernal equinox, namely, in March, the election shall take place. The grand master, so elected, shall, either on the day of the grand masonic festival or on the day immediately preceding, as he may direct, be regularly installed. He is then to nominate his grand officers, who are thereupon to be installed or invested in antient form, with the exception of the president of the board of general purposes, who is to be appointed and invested at the quarterly communication in June.

The grand master, if a prince of the blood royal, may appoint a pro grand master, being a peer of the realm, who in his absence shall possess all the powers of the grand master.

2. Should the grand master die during his mastership, the pro grand master, in his absence, the deputy grand master, or, in his absence, the grand wardens, shall assemble the grand lodge

immediately, to record the event ; which grand lodge shall, if there be no pro grand master, appoint three of its members to invite the last preceding grand master to act until a new election take place ; should he decline or be unable to act, then the last but one, and so on.

If there be a pro grand master at the time when a vacancy occurs, he shall forthwith act as grand master until a new election at the usual period, but if there be no pro grand master or past grand master willing to act, then, at the meeting which shall be convened to record the vacancy, a day shall be fixed for the grand lodge being summoned to elect a grand master for the remainder of the year.

3. The grand master may, by warrant, appoint any brother of eminence and skill to represent him in a sister grand lodge. He may also constitute any distinguished brother, regularly deputed from a sister grand lodge, a member of the grand lodge of England, with such rank as may be appropriate.

4. The grand master may appoint brethren of eminence and ability to be members of grand lodge with such rank and distinction as he may think proper ; provided that nothing herein contained shall empower provincial grand masters

to make similar appointments in their respective provinces.

5. The grand master has full authority to preside in any lodge, and to order any of his grand officers to attend him. His deputy is to be placed on his right, and the master of the lodge on his left hand. His wardens are also to act as wardens of that lodge during his presence; but if the grand wardens be absent, then the grand master may command the wardens of the lodge, or any master masons to act as his wardens pro tempore.

6. The grand master may send his grand officers to visit any lodge he may think proper.

7. Should the grand master be dissatisfied with the conduct of any of his grand officers, he may submit the cause of complaint to the grand lodge; and should it appear to the majority of the brethren present that the complaint be well founded, he may displace such grand officer and nominate another. But no grand officer can be removed without the approbation of the grand lodge.

8. The grand master may summon any lodge or brother to attend him, and to produce the

warrant, books, papers, and accounts of the lodge, and the certificate of the brother. If the summons be not complied with, or a sufficient reason given for non-compliance, the summons is to be repeated as a peremptory summons ; and if such last summons be not attended to, the lodge or brother may be suspended, and the proceeding notified to the grand lodge.

9. If the grand master should be satisfied that any brother has been illegally, or without sufficient cause, excluded from any of his masonic functions or privileges, by a private lodge or other authority, he may order him to be reinstated, and may also suspend, until the next ensuing quarterly communication, the lodge or brother who shall refuse to comply with his order.

10. The grand master shall only be applied to on any business concerning masons or masonry, through the deputy grand master, the grand registrar, or the grand secretary.

11. If the grand master should abuse his power, and render himself unworthy of the obedience of the lodges, he shall be subjected to some new regulation, to be dictated by the occasion ; because, hitherto, the antient fraternity have had no reason to provide for an event which they have presumed would never happen.

*Of DEPUTY GRAND MASTER.*

1. THIS officer is to be appointed annually, by the grand master, on the day of his installation, and, if present, is to be immediately installed, according to antient usage. And in the absence of the grand master and pro grand master, shall possess all the powers and privileges of the grand master.
2. The deputy grand master has full authority to preside in any lodge with the master of the lodge on his right hand. The grand wardens, if present, are to act as wardens of that lodge, during his presence.

*Of GRAND WARDENS.*

1. THE grand wardens are appointed by the grand master, annually, on the day of his installation. They cannot act as wardens of a private lodge while they continue grand wardens.
2. When the grand wardens are in the lodge no others can supply their places, but in their absence the seniors of the past grand wardens present shall act pro tempore. If no past grand warden be present, the grand master may direct

## 34 GRAND CHAPLAINS—TREASURER.

any other member of grand lodge being, or having been, master of a lodge, to act as grand warden for that occasion.

3. The grand wardens, whenever commanded, are to attend the grand master, or his deputy, and while he presides in any particular lodge are to act there as his wardens.

4. A grand warden not attending his duty in grand lodge shall, for each absence, pay a fine of one guinea to the general fund of charity. On his neglecting to pay the fines when incurred, his office may be declared vacant, and any rank or distinction acquired in consequence of his appointment forfeited.

### *Of GRAND CHAPLAINS.*

THE grand chaplains are to be appointed by the grand master on the day of his installation, and shall attend the quarterly communications and other meetings of the grand lodge, and there offer up solemn prayer, suitable to the occasion, as established by the usage of the fraternity.

### *Of GRAND TREASURER.*

1. THE grand treasurer shall be elected by the

grand lodge at the quarterly communication in March.

2. He shall, when required, give a joint bond, with two sureties, to the grand master, and to such other trustees as the grand lodge shall nominate, in such penalty and with such conditions as may be deemed expedient, for the due performance of his trust.

3. To the grand treasurer shall be entrusted all money raised for the use of the society ; and he shall disburse the same in such a manner as the grand lodge shall direct, and produce his accounts of receipts and disbursements, before every quarterly communication ; and these accounts shall be annually audited by the professional auditor, to be appointed by the grand master pursuant to a resolution passed in grand lodge on the 23rd June, 1859.

#### *Of GRAND REGISTRAR.*

1. THE grand registrar is to be appointed annually by the grand master on the day of his installation, and, if present, invested according to antient custom ; he must be an actual master or past master of a lodge.

2. He shall have the custody of the seals of

### 36 PRESIDENT OF BOARD OF G. P.

the grand lodge, and shall affix, or may authorise the grand secretary to affix, the same to all patents, warrants, certificates, and other documents issued by the authority of the grand lodge, as well as to such as the grand master, in conformity with the established laws and regulations of the craft, may direct.

3. He is to superintend the records of the grand lodge, and to take care that the several documents issued be in due form.

4. The grand master may, by a written document, direct the grand registrar to take charge of any province for which there is not a grand master, and he shall thereby be empowered to appoint a deputy provincial grand master and other officers, with the same authority and privileges and under the same regulations as if they had been appointed by a provincial grand master, and shall perform all other functions of a provincial grand master for that province.

#### *Of the PRESIDENT of the BOARD of GENERAL PURPOSES.*

THE president of the board is to be annually appointed and invested by the grand master at the quarterly communication in June ; and shall,

by virtue of his office, be a grand officer, with rank next to past grand registrars ; and on retiring from office he shall rank as a past grand officer.

*Of GRAND SECRETARY.*

1. THE grand secretary is to be appointed by the grand master, and shall continue without re-appointment during the pleasure of the grand lodge ; he may have a clerk or clerks, who must be master masons, but are not, by the appointment, members of the grand lodge ; and, therefore, if not otherwise members of grand lodge, cannot attend therein without leave, or speak therein without special permission. But if any assistant or clerk be in any capacity a member of the grand lodge, he is not, by his appointment, deprived of his rights or privileges as a member of the grand lodge.

2. The grand secretary may, under the authority of the grand registrar, affix the seals of the grand lodge to such patents, warrants, certificates, and other documents, as shall be specified in any such authority ; his duty is to issue summonses for all meetings of the grand lodge, its boards and committees, and to attend and take minutes of their proceedings, to receive the re-

turns from the several lodges, and enter them in the books of the grand lodge ; to transmit to all the lodges the accounts of the proceedings of the quarterly communications, and all other papers and documents which may be ordered, either by the grand master or grand lodge ; to receive all petitions, memorials, &c., and to lay them before the grand master or other proper authority ; to attend the grand master, and take to him any books and papers he may direct ; and generally to do all such things as heretofore have been done or ought to be done by a grand secretary.

*Of GRAND DEACONS.*

1. THE grand deacons are to be appointed by the grand master, on the day of his installation, and each must have regularly served the office of warden of a private lodge.

2. If the grand deacons be absent, the grand master may appoint the master of any lodge to officiate *pro tempore*.

A grand deacon not attending his duty in grand lodge shall for each absence pay a fine of half-a-guinea. On his neglecting to pay the fines when incurred, his office may be declared vacant, and any rank or distinction acquired in consequence of his appointment forfeited.

*Of GRAND SUPERINTENDENT of WORKS,  
GRAND DIRECTOR of CEREMONIES,  
ASSISTANT GRAND DIRECTOR of  
CEREMONIES, GRAND SWORD  
BEARER, GRAND ORGANIST,  
and GRAND PURSUIVANT.*

1. THE grand superintendent of works, director of ceremonies, assistant director of ceremonies, sword bearer, organist, and pursuivant, are to be appointed annually by the grand master on the day of his installation. They must be master masons, and are to attend the quarterly communications and other meetings of the grand lodge.
2. The grand superintendent of works is to advise with the board of general purposes on all plans of building or edifices undertaken by the grand lodge, and furnish estimates ; he is to superintend their construction, and see that they are conformable to the plans as approved. He is at the first meeting of the board of general purposes in every year to report on the state of repair of the edifices of the grand lodge, and make such further reports from time to time as he may deem expedient.

## 40 GRAND STANDARD BEARERS.

3. The grand director of ceremonies, in addition to his other duties, has the care of the regalia, clothing, insignia, and jewels belonging to the grand lodge.

4. A grand sword bearer not attending his duty in grand lodge shall, for each absence, pay a fine of half-a-guinea. On his neglecting to pay the fines when incurred, his office may be declared vacant, and any rank or distinction acquired in consequence of his appointment forfeited.

5. The grand pursuivant is to preside over the brethren nominated to attend within the porch of the grand lodge. He is at every meeting of the grand lodge to preserve order in the porch, and with the assistance of the brethren nominated to attend there, to see that none be admitted, except those who are qualified, have their proper clothing and jewels, have signed their names to the accustomed papers, and are in all respects entitled to admission.

### *Of GRAND STANDARD BEARERS.*

GRAND standard bearers may be appointed by the grand master as occasion shall require. They

must be master masons, and are to carry the standards of the grand lodge, grand patron, and grand master, on all grand ceremonies. They are not, however, by their appointment, members of the grand lodge, nor are they to wear the clothing of a grand officer.

Any grand officer, entitled to have a standard, may, whenever it shall be necessary, appoint a standard bearer, who must be a master mason.

*Of GRAND TYLER.*

1. THE grand tyler must be a master mason. He is to be appointed by the grand master ; and continues in office during pleasure.
2. The grand tyler is to receive from the grand secretary, the summonses for all meetings of the grand lodge, its boards and committees, and carefully deliver the same. He is to attend all such meetings, assist in the arrangements, and see that none be admitted but those properly entitled.
3. If the grand tyler shall, without the licence of the grand master, attend at any masonic funeral or public procession, officiate or attend at any meeting or pretended lodge of masons, not being regularly constituted, and not acknow-

ledging the authority of the grand master, nor conforming to the laws of the grand lodge, he shall thereby be rendered incapable of ever after being a tyler or attendant on any lodge, and be excluded the benefit of the general charity.

*Of GRAND STEWARDS.*

1. EIGHTEEN grand stewards shall be annually appointed, for the regulation of the grand festival, under the direction of the grand master. They shall also assist in conducting the arrangements made for the quarterly communications and other meetings of the grand lodge.

2. The grand stewards shall be appointed from eighteen different lodges, each of which shall recommend one of its subscribing members, who must be a master mason, to be presented by the former steward of that lodge, for the approbation and appointment of the grand master; and when so approved and appointed, he is entitled to wear the clothing of a grand steward.

3. The name and residence of the brother recommended as grand steward shall be transmitted by his lodge to the grand secretary, fourteen days at least previous to the grand festival.

4. If any lodge possessing the privilege of recommendation shall neglect to send to the grand secretary the name of one of its members, or to supply the place of one who shall decline or become incapable of discharging the duties of the office, as required by the preceding articles, the lodge shall forfeit its privilege, and the grand master shall nominate some other lodge to have such privilege in future.

5. No brother shall be presented as a grand steward unless he was made in the lodge by which he is recommended, or has been twelve months a subscribing member to it.

6. No lodge shall (under the penalty of forfeiting the privilege of nomination) subscribe or in any manner contribute towards the expense to be incurred by any steward in the discharge of his duties ; and any steward who shall accept of moneys towards such expense, or shall neglect to pay his proportion of the necessary expenses, shall forfeit all privilege or distinction acquired in consequence of his serving that office.

7. Should any brother, recommended as a grand steward, decline or be incapable of discharging the duties of the office, the lodge which recommended him shall, when informed of the

## 44 GRAND STEWARDS' LODGE.

circumstance, transmit the name of another brother to supply his place.

8. Any grand steward not attending the meetings of the grand lodge when duly summoned, shall, for each absence, pay to the general fund of charity a fine of half-a-guinea. On his neglecting to pay such fine when incurred, he shall forfeit all privileges derived from his office.

9. The grand stewards shall so regulate the grand festival that no expense fall on the grand lodge, and they are strictly enjoined not to introduce, or permit any refreshment to be introduced, into the hall after the grand master or other presiding officer shall have departed.

10. The grand stewards shall have the exclusive privilege of becoming members of the grand stewards' lodge ; subject to its by-laws and regulations.

11. Past grand stewards, being members of grand lodge, shall have set apart for them the front benches on either side in the body of grand lodge.

### *Of the GRAND STEWARDS' LODGE.*

1. THE grand stewards' lodge shall not have a

## PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER. 45

number, but shall be registered in the books of the grand lodge, and placed in the printed list, at the head of all other lodges, and rank accordingly.

2. The grand stewards' lodge, being constituted as a master masons' lodge, has no power of making, passing, or raising masons.

### *Of PROVINCIAL or DISTRICT GRAND MASTER.\**

1. THE appointment of this officer is a prerogative of the grand master, by whom a patent may be granted, during pleasure, to any brother of eminence and ability in the craft who may be thought worthy of the appointment. By this patent the brother is invested with a rank and power in his particular district, similar to those possessed by the grand master. He shall be installed at the first provincial grand lodge which he may hold after his appointment.

2. He is empowered to appoint for his province a deputy, two wardens, two deacons, and other

\* *Provincial Grand Masters and Provincial Grand Lodges in the Colonies and Foreign Parts are designated District Grand Masters and District Grand Lodges, to distinguish such Officers and such Bodies from the Provincial Grand Masters and Grand Lodges at home. A Provincial or District Grand Master must serve for the full period of five years to entitle him to Past Rank.*

## 46 PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER.

grand officers (except the treasurer, who is to be elected), and also provincial grand stewards not exceeding six in number.

3. He may preside in every lodge he visits within his district, with his deputy provincial grand master on his right and the master of the lodge on his left hand ; his wardens, if present, may act as wardens of that lodge during his presence ; but, if they be absent, the provincial grand master may direct the wardens of the lodge, or any other master masons, to act as his wardens *pro tempore*.

4. He shall hear and determine all subjects of masonic complaint or irregularity, respecting lodges or individual masons, within his district, and may proceed to admonition, fine, or suspension, according to the general laws of the craft. A minute of such proceedings, stating the offence and the law applicable to it, together with the decision, is to be transmitted to the grand master. When the case is of so flagrant a nature as, in the judgment of the provincial grand master, to require the erasure of a lodge, or the expulsion of a brother, he shall make a special report to the grand lodge, with his opinion thereon.

The provincial grand master has no power to

## PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER. 47

expel a mason, though he may, when satisfied that any brother has been illegally excluded from any of his masonic functions or privileges, by a lodge within his district, order him to be immediately restored, and may suspend, until the next quarterly communication, the lodge or brother, who shall refuse to comply with such order.

5. If the provincial grand master or his deputy shall neglect to proceed forthwith on any case submitted for his decision, the application or complaint may be transmitted to the board of general purposes. An appeal, in all cases, lies from the provincial grand master to the grand lodge or grand master.

6. The provincial grand master may summon any lodge or brother, within his district, to attend him, and to produce the warrant, books, papers, and accounts of the lodge, or the certificate of the brother. If the summons be not complied with, nor a sufficient reason given for non-compliance, a peremptory summons shall be issued ; and in case of contumacy, the lodge or brother may be suspended, and the proceeding notified to the grand lodge or the grand master.

7. He has power, with the concurrence of the

## 48 PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER.

grand master, to give or to refuse consent for the removal of a lodge from town to town within his district, or from his district into another, or from another district into his own, provided that in all cases the laws relating to the removal of lodges shall have been complied with.

8. He should hold a provincial grand lodge, in such place as may seem to him most convenient, at least once in each year, when there may also be a masonic festival. He may convene provincial grand lodges of emergency whenever in his judgment it may be necessary.

9. He is required by himself, or his deputy, to correspond with the grand lodge, and to transmit to the grand secretary, at or prior to the quarterly communication in March, a circumstantial account, in writing, of his proceedings, and of the state of masonry within his province, together with a list of such lodges as may have been constituted since his last return, and the fees due thereon to the grand lodge. He is to forward, or cause to be forwarded, to the grand master a summary of the minutes of every provincial grand lodge within one month of the holding thereof, together with the names of all brethren appointed to provincial grand office, the names and numbers of the lodges to which they belong, and their respective residences.

## PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER. 49

10. To ensure the regular performance of the duties of provincial grand master, and to prevent inconvenience arising from the neglect of them, he may appoint a deputy to execute all the functions of the office in his name, and may, for this purpose, invest him by patent, under his hand and seal, with all the requisite powers, during pleasure.

11. The provincial grand master must transmit, in writing, the name and place of abode of his deputy, to all the lodges of his district, and also to the grand secretary, in order to have him registered, within one month of the appointment, and, at the same time, specify whether he intends the business of the province to be transacted by himself or deputy.

12. The provincial grand master, holding his office at the pleasure of the grand master, and the power of the deputy as well as of the provincial grand lodge emanating from the authority vested in the provincial grand master, he or his deputy must be responsible that the provincial grand lodge does not exceed its lawful powers. He is, therefore, to cause correct minutes to be kept of all its proceedings, and to produce them to the grand master or grand lodge when required.

## 50 PROVINCIAL GRAND OFFICERS.

### *Of DEPUTY PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER.*

1. THE deputy provincial grand master must have previously served the office of master in a regular lodge, and be resident within the province, and a subscribing member to a lodge therein, and regularly authorized by patent to hold office during pleasure.
2. He is invested with the rank of a deputy grand master within the province, and may preside, unless the provincial grand master be present, in any lodge he may visit within his district. He is not, by his office, a member of the grand lodge, nor does he possess any rank out of his district, though he is entitled to wear the clothing of a provincial grand officer, or past provincial grand officer, in all masonic meetings.

### *Of the other PROVINCIAL GRAND OFFICERS.*

1. THESE must all be resident within the province, and subscribing members to some lodge therein, but the M. W. grand master may grant a dispensation for non-residence. A fee of two guineas for grand wardens, and one guinea for

## PROVINCIAL GRAND STEWARDS. 51

any subordinate officer, shall be paid to the general fund of charity for such dispensation.

2. The grand wardens and subordinate provincial grand officers (except the treasurer, who is to be elected) are to be annually appointed by the provincial grand master, and such officers are respectively to be invested in the provincial grand lodge, and shall possess within their district, the rank and privileges of grand officers ; but they are not by such appointment members of the grand lodge, nor do they take any rank out of their district, though they are entitled to wear their clothing as provincial grand officers, or past provincial grand officers, in all masonic meetings.

3. No brother can be appointed a provincial grand warden unless he be the master or past master of a lodge ; nor a provincial grand deacon unless he be a warden or past warden of a lodge.

### *Of PROVINCIAL GRAND STEWARDS.*

PROVINCIAL grand stewards, while in office, may wear jewels suspended by crimson collars, and aprons with crimson edgings, of the same width as the collars and edgings of the aprons of the provincial grand officers, and are mem-

## 52 PROVINCIAL GRAND LODGES.

bers of their own provincial grand lodge ; but when out of office they are no longer members, or entitled to wear crimson aprons and collars, or jewels, nor are provincial grand stewards entitled to wear crimson aprons or collars out of their own province.

### *Of PROVINCIAL GRAND LODGES.*

1. WHEN the provincial grand master presides, the provincial grand lodge is to be declared open in "*due form.*" If the deputy or other brother preside, "*in form*" only.
2. The actual and past provincial grand officers, whilst they remain subscribing members to a lodge in the province, with the actual provincial grand stewards, and the masters, past masters, and wardens, of all lodges within the province, are members of the provincial grand lodge, and the masters and wardens shall attend the same when duly summoned.
3. The provincial grand lodge has the power of framing by-laws for its own government, and of making regulations for the guidance of the private lodges of the province ; provided that none of these be contrary to or inconsistent with, the laws and constitutions of the grand lodge ;

but such by-laws shall not be valid until submitted to, and approved by, the most worshipful grand master.

4. Great advantage having been experienced from the establishment of a local fund for charitable and other masonic purposes, each provincial grand lodge may direct payments to be made by the provincial grand officers and the lodges in the province for this desirable purpose (exclusive of the contributions payable to the grand lodge). The payments by lodges shall not exceed the following sums, viz., sixpence per quarter for every contributing member of a lodge, five shillings for every person who has been initiated, and one shilling for every member who has joined any lodge since the last payment. This fund cannot be established without the concurrence of at least two-thirds of the members present in provincial grand lodge, nor unless each lodge in the province shall have had due notice of the meeting, and of the intention to propose the establishment of such fund, nor until the decision shall have been confirmed at a subsequent meeting of the provincial grand lodge, of which meeting due notice shall also be given. If this fund be established, the mode of contribution by lodges shall on no pretence be departed from, though the provincial grand lodge may diminish any of the

## 54 PROVINCIAL GRAND LODGES.

payments, or exact only part of them at their discretion. Thus country lodges can, in no case, be subjected to fees exceeding those paid by every lodge within the London district, while their members will have the advantage of a local fund as well as of the general fund of charity in London.

The provincial grand lodge may make such regulations as they may deem necessary for the application of this fund.

5. The provincial grand lodge shall elect a treasurer annually, by whom a regular account of the receipts and disbursements of this fund shall be kept. These accounts must be produced at every provincial grand lodge, and audited once in each year, and a copy thereof transmitted to the lodges within the province.

6. Correct minutes of the proceedings of the provincial grand lodge shall be kept in a book proper for the purpose, which shall be produced, by the provincial grand master, for the inspection of the grand master or grand lodge whenever required.

7. The provincial grand lodge emanates from the authority vested in the provincial grand master, and possesses no other powers than those

specified. It therefore follows that no provincial grand lodge can meet but by the sanction of the provincial grand master or his deputy ; and that it ceases to exist on the death, resignation, suspension, or removal of the provincial grand master, until a brother is duly appointed or empowered to perform the functions of provincial grand master, by whose authority the provincial grand lodge may be again established.

8. Should the provincial grand master desire the opinion of his provincial grand lodge on the subject of any masonic complaint or irregularity within his district, they shall fully inquire into the matter and report their opinion thereon to the provincial grand master, with whom alone the decision remains, unless there shall be an appeal to the grand lodge against such decision.

*Of DISTRICT GRAND LODGES.*

**IN COLONIES OR FOREIGN PARTS.**

1. It being necessary on account of the distance from England of district grand lodges, and the consequent delay in their communications with the grand lodge of England, that their powers should be more extensive than those of

## 56 DISTRICT GRAND LODGES.

provincial grand lodges, the grand lodge delegates to its district grand lodges, meeting under district grand masters duly authorized and appointed by the grand master of England, in addition to the powers specified under the head of "provincial grand lodges," the power of expelling masons, and erasing lodges within their respective districts; also the power of investigating, regulating, and deciding on all matters relating to lodges and individual masons within their respective districts, which power they may exercise either of themselves, or by a committee of their body.

The M. W. grand master may confer on district grand masters, and on masters of lodges in the colonies and foreign parts where there is no district grand master, a power of dispensation, in cases of emergency, for a brother to be advanced to a higher degree, at an interval of one week instead of four weeks.

2. The proceedings and decisions of district grand lodges, and of any committee appointed by such body, shall in all cases be strictly governed and controlled by the laws of the grand lodge, as laid down in the Book of Constitutions.

3. All powers given by the Book of Constitu-

tions to the board of general purposes in cases of masonic complaint, or irregularity, may be exercised by district grand lodges, or by such committee as aforesaid.

4. Complaints against lodges or brethren may be preferred either to the district grand master, or to the district grand lodge.

In all cases an appeal lies from the decision of district grand lodges to the grand lodge of England.

5. District grand lodges may make rules and regulations for the management and conduct of their own proceedings, and of those of any committee of their own body, and may alter such rules as they think fit; but no rule or regulation shall be in force until approved by the M. W. the grand master of England.

6. District grand lodges may fix stated times for their meetings, not exceeding four times in the year; but the district grand master may summon and hold a district grand lodge of emergency whenever, in his judgment, it may be necessary. The particular reason for calling such lodge of emergency shall be expressed in the summons, and no other business shall be entered upon at that meeting.

7. In the event of the death, resignation, removal or suspension of a district grand master, the district grand lodge shall continue to exercise its functions ; and the deputy district grand master, if there be one, and if not (or in the event of his being absent from the district, and until his return), the district grand officer or past district grand officer next in rank then in the district, shall assume and exercise the functions of district grand master until another district grand master shall have received his patent of appointment from the grand master of England, and shall have notified the same to the district grand secretary. The brother exercising the functions of a district grand master shall not assume that title ; nor shall he, after having so acted, be entitled to rank as a past district grand master, or to wear the masonic clothing appropriate to that office.

8. District grand lodges may require payment to their district fund of fees larger than are allowed in England under the following regulations, *viz.* :—

That notice in writing of the fees proposed, and also the day of meeting for the discussion of the subject, be sent to each lodge in the district two months at least prior to the meeting.

That if the proposed payments be agreed to

by two-thirds at least of the members present, a day shall be appointed for considering the confirmation thereof at a period of not less than three months from the first meeting, and a copy of the resolution so agreed to shall be sent forthwith to each lodge with the summons for the second meeting.

That any lodge, whose officers may not be able to attend by reason of their distance from the place of assembly, be permitted to state its opinions in writing : provided the same be despatched to the district grand secretary within the period of one month from the date of receiving the summons for the second meeting.

When the proceedings have been confirmed, a copy thereof shall be transmitted to the most worshipful grand master for his approval, together with copies of any opinions which may have been received in writing.

When the grand master shall have given his consent, and not till then, shall the resolutions be declared valid, and the fees and payments demanded, which shall in such case be payable from the time when the proceedings were confirmed by the district grand lodge.

9. In order to avoid delay, and for the accommodation of lodges in the colonies and foreign parts for which a district grand master is ap-

## 60 DISTRICT GRAND LODGES.

pointed, those lodges may make their returns and payments to the district grand master or such brother as he may direct, but for the due remittance of which to the grand lodge the district grand master shall be personally responsible ; the district grand master is thereupon to deliver grand lodge certificates, furnished to him for the purpose, which certificates are to be countersigned as specified in the following paragraph.

10. The grand secretary is to furnish to district grand masters, grand lodge certificates (with the necessary alterations in the form) signed and sealed, but in other respects left blank ; the blanks to be filled up by the district grand master or by his order, with the names and dates of the brethren initiated, &c., by lodges within his province or district, or of brethren who shall join such lodges, as set forth in the returns made to him ; which grand lodge certificates shall have attached to them the seal of the district grand lodge, and be countersigned by the district grand master, or his deputy, and by the district grand secretary.

11. When a return and payment has been made to a district grand master, or other brother on his behalf, as provided by section 9, p. 59,

the lodge making the same shall forthwith transmit to the grand secretary in London, a duplicate of the return, signed by the master and the secretary or treasurer, specifying the date when, and the party to whom, the return and payment has been made, and also specifying for whom the district grand master has issued certificates. The district grand master shall immediately, or with all reasonable expedition, forward to the grand secretary the returns received from the several lodges in his district, together with the amount payable thereon, so that the brethren may be duly registered, and the money placed to the credit of the respective lodges in the grand treasurer's accounts.

*Of PRIVATE LODGES.*

1. The officers of a lodge are the master and his two wardens, with their assistants the two deacons, inner guard, and tyler. There must also be a treasurer and a secretary. A chaplain, a master of the ceremonies, and stewards may be appointed.

Should a prince of the blood royal honour any private lodge by accepting the office of master, he may appoint a deputy master, who shall be regularly installed, and entitled, when in office,

to all the privileges of actual master, and when out of office, to those of a past master.

2. Every lodge shall annually elect its master and treasurer by ballot, such master having regularly served as a warden of a warranted lodge for one year, and, at the next meeting after his election, when the minutes are confirmed, he shall be duly installed in the chair according to antient usage, after which he shall appoint his wardens and other officers, except the treasurer ; the tyler is to be chosen by the members of the lodge.

Whenever it may happen that the number of votes shall be equal upon any question to be decided in a lodge, either by ballot or otherwise, the master in the chair shall be entitled to give a second or casting vote, excepting upon a ballot for a candidate for initiation, or a brother to join.

N.B. It is very desirable that a brother should be present when appointed to an office.

3. No brother shall be master of more than one lodge at the same time, without a dispensation from the grand master.

4. No master of the tavern or house at which the lodge meets, shall hold any office in the lodge, without a dispensation from the grand master or the provincial grand master.

5. Every lodge has the power of framing by-laws for its government, provided they are not inconsistent with the regulations of the grand lodge. The by-laws must be submitted to the grand master, or the provincial grand master, and when approved, a fair copy must be sent to the grand secretary, and, in the case of a country lodge, also to the provincial grand master; and when any material alteration shall be made, such alteration must, in like manner, be submitted. No law or alteration will be valid until so submitted and approved. The by-laws of the lodge shall be fairly written in a book, which shall be delivered to the master on his installation, when he shall solemnly pledge himself to observe and enforce them. Every brother shall sign them when he becomes a member of the lodge, as a declaration of his submission to them, and shall at all reasonable times have access to them, and be allowed to take copies.

6. A book shall be kept in every lodge, in which shall be entered the names of its members and of all persons admitted therein, with the dates of their proposal, admission, or initiation, passing and raising; their ages, titles, professions, or trades, together with such other transactions of the lodge as are proper to be written. The master is responsible for the observance of this law.

7. The place and regular days of meeting of the lodge shall be specified in the by-laws, and no meeting of the lodge shall be held elsewhere, except a removal be decided upon in conformity with the laws, or that the continuance of the meeting of the lodge at its usual place be rendered impracticable or improper by circumstances specified under the head "*Removal of Lodges.*"

8. Every lodge, when removed to a new place of meeting, or whenever the day of assembling shall be altered, shall immediately send notice thereof to the grand secretary, and, if a country lodge, also to the provincial grand master. The officers of a removed lodge shall not be permitted to attend the grand lodge or provincial grand lodge until the removal be properly notified.

9. A lodge of emergency may, at any time, be called, by the authority of the master, or, in his absence, of the senior warden, or, in their absence, of the junior warden, but on no pretence without such authority. The business to be transacted at such lodge of emergency shall be expressed in the summons, recorded on the minutes, and no other business shall be entered upon.

10. The precedence of lodges is derived from the number of their constitution, as recorded in

the books of the grand lodge. No lodge shall be acknowledged, nor its officers admitted into the grand lodge or a provincial grand lodge, nor any of its members entitled to partake of the general charity or other masonic privilege, unless it has been regularly constituted and registered.

11. Any lodge which may not be distinguished by a name or title, being desirous of taking one, must, for that purpose, procure the approbation of the grand master, or provincial grand master, and the name must be registered with the grand secretary. No lodge shall be permitted to alter its name without the like approbation.

12. No lodge can make a mason, or admit a member, without strictly complying with all the regulations enacted for the government of the craft. *See "Proposing Members, Making, Passing, and Raising."*

13. Every lodge must receive as a member, without further proposition or ballot, any brother initiated therein, provided such brother express his wish to that effect on the day of his initiation, to ascertain which the master shall call his attention to this law, as no lodge should introduce into masonry a person whom the brethren might consider unfit to be a member of their own lodge.

14. Every lodge must be particularly careful in registering the names of the brethren initiated therein, and in making the returns of its members, as no person is regularly entitled to partake of the general charity unless his name be duly registered.

To prevent injury to individuals, by being excluded the privileges of masonry, through neglect in not registering their names, any brother so circumstanced, on producing sufficient proof that he has paid the full fees to his lodge, including the register-fee, shall be capable of enjoying the privileges of the craft, and the offending lodge shall be reported to the board of general purposes, and rigorously proceeded against for detaining moneys which are the property of the grand lodge, and which had been paid to the lodge for specific appropriation.

15. All moneys received or paid on account of the lodge shall be entered in proper books. The fees or dues received on account of, and payable to, the grand lodge and provincial grand lodge, shall be kept separate and distinct from the moneys belonging to the lodge, and shall be deposited in the hands of the master instead of the treasurer of the lodge, and shall be transmitted to the grand lodge and provincial grand lodge at such time as the laws require. The accounts

of the lodge shall be audited, at least once in every year, by a committee to be appointed by the lodge.

16. Each lodge shall procure for every brother initiated therein, a grand lodge certificate, to be paid for by the lodge at the same time with the fee for registration.

17. No lodge, or officer or member of a lodge shall, under any circumstances, give a certificate or recommendation to enable a mason to proceed from lodge to lodge as a pauper, or in an itinerant manner to apply to lodges for relief.

18. No lodge shall form any public masonic procession without a licence from the grand master, or the provincial grand master.

19. All lodges are particularly bound to observe the same usages and customs ; every deviation, therefore, from the established mode of working is highly improper, and cannot be justified or countenanced. In order to preserve this uniformity, and to cultivate a good understanding among free-masons, some members of every lodge should be deputed to visit other lodges as often as may be convenient.

20. If any brother behave in such a manner as

to disturb the harmony of the lodge, he shall be thrice formally admonished by the master ; and, if he persist in his irregular conduct, he shall be punished by censure, fine, or exclusion, according to the by-laws of the lodge ; or the case may be reported to higher masonic authority.

21. No lodge shall exclude\* any member without giving him due notice of the complaint made against him, and of the time appointed for its consideration. The name of every brother excluded, with the cause of exclusion, shall be sent to the grand secretary ; and, if a country lodge, also to the provincial grand master.

22. The jewels and furniture of every lodge belong to, and are the property of, the master and wardens for the time being, in trust for the members of such lodge ; and the master of the house wherein the lodge is held shall have no lien thereon ; nor shall he be suffered to be the owner of the jewels or furniture of any lodge, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the warrant of constitution of such lodge. No jewel shall be worn in a lodge other than those specified for the

\* The term *expelled* is used only when a brother is removed from the craft by the grand lodge, or a district grand lodge. Upon the removal of a brother from a private lodge the term *excluded* only is applicable.

officers, except such honorary or other jewel, as shall be consistent with those degrees recognized by the grand lodge as part of antient free-masonry.

23. The warrant and books and papers belonging to the lodge must be produced by the master, when required by competent authority.

24. The majority of the members of a lodge, when congregated, have the privilege of giving instructions to their master, the immediate past master, and wardens, before the meeting of the grand lodge ; because such officers are their representatives, and are supposed to speak their sentiments.

25. Each lodge shall annually make a return to the grand secretary of the master, wardens, and past masters of the lodge, and of all members who claim to be entitled to attend the grand lodge as past masters having served the office of master in some other lodge, specifying the lodge in which each of them has served the office of master ; and no brother shall be permitted to attend the grand lodge unless his name shall appear in such return.

26. Every private lodge shall at least once in each year transmit direct to the grand secretary

a regular list, signed by the master and secretary, of its members and of the brethren initiated or admitted therein since the last return, with the dates of initiation or joining, and when passed or raised, the dates of those degrees respectively, together with the ages, titles, professions, additions, or trades of such brethren, and the name and number of the lodge to which a joining member formerly belonged ; and at the same time remit all moneys due to the grand lodge : and if a lodge neglect for one year to make such returns and payments, or if it do not meet for one year, it is liable to be erased. The master, immediate past master, and wardens of a lodge which shall have neglected for one year to make its returns and payments, are disqualified from attending the grand lodge or sitting upon any board or committee until those returns and payments, shall have been completed. The master is responsible for the observance of this law.

27. If a lodge be dissolved, the warrant shall be delivered up to the grand master, and shall not be transferred without his consent.

28. If the warrant of a lodge be sold, or procured by any other means than through the regular channel of petition to the grand master, or district grand master, such warrant shall be forfeited, and the lodge erased.

29. Should the majority of any lodge determine to retire from it, the power of assembling remains with the rest of the members who adhere to their allegiance: but if all the members of a lodge withdraw, the warrant becomes extinct.

30. If any lodge, or its master and wardens, be summoned to attend, or to produce its warrant, books, papers, or accounts, to the grand master or his deputy, or the provincial grand master, or his deputy, or the board of general purposes, or any other board or committee authorized by the grand lodge, and do not comply, or give sufficient reason for non compliance, a peremptory summons shall be issued; and in case of contumacy, such lodge may be suspended, and the proceeding notified to the grand lodge.

31. A lodge offending against any law or regulation of the craft, to the breach of which no specific penalty is attached, shall, at the discretion of the grand lodge, or any of its delegated authorities, or of a provincial grand master, be subject to admonition, fine, or suspension.

If fine be the punishment awarded, it shall be, for the first offence, not less than one pound, nor more than five pounds; for a second offence of a similar nature, within three years, it shall be not less than two nor more than ten pounds; and if

## 72 LONDON AND COUNTRY LODGES.

the lodge shall refuse to pay the fine, or be guilty of a third offence within three years of the second offence, the lodge shall be liable to be erased.

All fines shall be applied to the general fund of charity.

### *Of LODGES within the LONDON DISTRICT.*

ALL lodges held within ten miles of Freemasons' Hall, London, are London lodges, therefore are not under the jurisdiction of provincial grand masters, and are to pay the London dues and fees.

### *Of COUNTRY LODGES.*

ALL lodges held at a greater distance than ten miles from Freemasons' Hall, London, are Country lodges, and are to observe the following laws and regulations in addition to those specified under the head of "Private Lodges."

1. All country lodges are under the immediate superintendence of the provincial grand master of the district, to whom, or to his deputy, they are to apply in all cases of difficulty or doubt, and to whom all complaints must be transmitted. If those officers should neglect to proceed in the

business, the application or complaint may be transmitted to the board of general purposes, and an appeal in all cases lies to the grand lodge or grand master.

2. Every country lodge shall make a return similar to that required to be made to the grand secretary once in each year, or oftener, if required, to the provincial grand master, and shall transmit therewith all money payable to the provincial grand lodge.

3. The master, wardens, and past masters, subscribing to any country lodge in the district, are members of the provincial grand lodge, and the master and wardens shall attend its meetings when duly summoned.

4. Every country lodge shall have a local as well as a general rank, so that if any lodge be removed from one province into another, although it is to retain the original number in the grand lodge books, and preserve the same rank in the united grand lodge, and in all public meetings out of the province into which it may have been removed, yet within such province it is to rank immediately after the lowest numbered lodge previously existing, as well at the provincial grand lodge as at public ceremonies

within the province, unless the grand master pro grand master, or deputy grand master preside. The seniority of country lodges in their particular district is to be determined by the date of their registry in the books of the provincial grand lodge.

5. No country lodge shall be removed out of its province, nor from place to place within the same province, without the consent of the provincial grand master, nor if the M.W. grand master shall deem such removal inexpedient; and no lodge shall be moved into another province without the consent of the provincial grand master for that province, and also of the grand master.

6. Country lodges in places for which no provincial grand master is appointed, nor any brother empowered to perform his functions, must, in every case, make their communications and complaints direct to the grand secretary in London.

#### *Of MILITARY LODGES.*

IT being essential to the interest of the craft, that all military lodges should be strictly confined to the purposes for which their warrants were originally obtained; and very great abuses having arisen from the improper initiation of

masons by such lodges, every warrant, therefore, which is held by a military lodge shall be forfeited unless the following laws be complied with, in addition to those specified under the head of "Private Lodges."

1. No warrant shall be granted for the establishment of a military lodge without the consent of the commanding officer of the regiment, battalion, or company to which it is to be attached.
2. No military lodge shall, on any pretence, initiate into masonry any inhabitant or sojourner in any town or place at which its members may be stationed, or through which they may be marching, nor any person who does not at the time belong to the military profession, nor any military person below the rank of a corporal, except as serving brethren, or by dispensation from the grand master, or provincial grand master.
3. When any military lodge, under the constitution of England, shall be out of England, it shall conduct itself so as not to give offence to the masonic authorities of the country or place in which it may sojourn, never losing sight of the duties it owes to the grand lodge of England, to which communication is ever to be made, and all fees and dues regularly transmitted.

4. If the military body, to which a lodge is attached, be disbanded or reduced, the brethren shall carefully transmit the warrant to the grand secretary; but if a competent number of the brethren remain together, they may apply for another warrant of the same number, to be holden as a civil lodge, at such place as may be convenient and approved of by the grand master. Such warrant to be granted without any additional expense.

*Of the MASTERS and WARDENS of  
LODGES.*

1. **ALL** preferment among masons should be grounded upon real worth and personal merit, therefore no brother shall be elected master of a lodge, or appointed to any office therein, merely on account of seniority of rank. Previously to the installation of the master, the minutes of the preceding meeting of the lodge must be read and confirmed, so far at least as to the election of the master, after which the usual ceremonies of installation are to be performed, and no master elect shall assume the master's chair until he shall have been regularly installed, though he may in the interim rule the lodge. Should the minutes of the election of master not be confirmed, then a summons must be issued for the

following *regular meeting* of the lodge, setting forth that the brethren were again to proceed to elect a master, and on the confirmation of the minutes of that election at the following regular meeting of the lodge, the installation of the master will follow.

2. Every master elect, before being placed in the chair, shall solemnly pledge himself to preserve the landmarks of the order, to observe its antient usages and established customs, and strictly to enforce them within his own lodge.

3. No brother shall continue master for more than two years in succession, unless by a dispensation, which may be granted by the grand master, or the provincial grand master, in cases of real necessity ; but he may be again elected after he has been out of that office one year. This regulation shall not extend to a prince of the blood royal appointing a deputy, but it shall to the deputy.

4. The master and wardens of a lodge are enjoined to visit other lodges as often as they conveniently can, in order that the same usages and customs may be observed throughout the craft, and a good understanding cultivated amongst free-masons.

5. The master is responsible for the due observance of the laws relating to private lodges, and is bound to produce all books, minutes, and accounts when required by lawful authority.

6. If the master shall die, be removed, or be incapable of discharging the duties of his office, the senior warden, and in the absence of the senior warden, the junior warden, and in the absence of both wardens then the immediate past master, or in his absence the senior past master, shall act as master in summoning the lodge, until the next election of officers. In the master's absence, the immediate past master, or, if he be absent, the senior past master of the lodge present shall take the chair. And if no past master of the lodge be present, then the senior warden, or in his absence the junior warden, shall rule the lodge.

7. The master and wardens of every lodge in the London district shall, within one month after appointment in each year, respectively sign their names in a book, at the office of the grand secretary.

8. The master and wardens of every lodge shall attend the grand master or his deputy, or the provincial grand master or his deputy, or

any board or committee authorized by the grand lodge ; and produce the warrant, minutes, and books of the lodge, when summoned so to do, under pain of suspension, and being reported to the next grand lodge.

9. The wardens and officers of a lodge cannot be removed, unless for a cause which appears to the lodge to be sufficient ; but the master, if he be dissatisfied with the conduct of any of his officers, may lay the cause of complaint before the lodge ; and if it shall appear to the majority of the brethren present that the complaint be well founded, he shall have power to displace such officer, and appoint another.

*Of MEMBERS and their DUTY.*

1. No brother shall be admitted a member of a lodge, unless the laws of the craft relating to the proposing and admitting of candidates shall have been strictly complied with. (See proposing members, page 82.)

2. A brother who has been concerned in making masons clandestinely, or at a lodge which is not a regular lodge, or for small and unworthy considerations, or who may assist in forming a new lodge without the grand master's authority,

shall not be admitted as a member, nor even as a visitor, into any regular lodge, nor partake of the general charity or other masonic privilege, till he make due submission, and obtain grace.

3. No brother shall presume to print or publish, or cause to be printed and published, the proceedings of any lodge, or any part thereof, or the names of the persons present at such lodge, without the consent of the grand master, or provincial grand master, under pain of being suspended or expelled from the order.

This law is not to extend to the writing, printing, or publishing of any notice or summons, issued to the members of a lodge, by the authority of the master, or the proceedings of any festival or public meeting at which persons not masons are permitted to be present.

4. The majority of the members present at any lodge duly summoned have an undoubted right to regulate their own proceedings, provided that they are consistent with the general laws and regulations of the craft; no member, therefore, shall be permitted to enter in the minute-book of his lodge a protest against any resolution or proceeding which may have taken place, unless it shall appear to him to be contrary to the laws and usages of the craft, and for the purpose of

complaining or appealing to a higher masonic authority.

5. If any member shall be excluded from his lodge, or shall withdraw himself from it, without having complied with its by-laws, or with the general regulations of the craft, he shall not be eligible to any other lodge, until that lodge shall have been made acquainted with his former neglect, so that the brethren may be enabled to exercise their discretion as to his admission. Whenever a member of any lodge shall resign, or shall be excluded, or whenever, at a future time, he may require it, he shall be furnished with a certificate stating the circumstances under which he left the lodge ; and such certificate is to be produced to any other lodge of which he is proposed to be admitted a member, previous to the ballot being taken.

6. All differences between, or complaints of members that cannot be accommodated privately or in a regular lodge, shall be reduced into writing and delivered to the grand secretary, who shall lay the same before the grand master or the board of general purposes, or other board or committee appointed by the grand lodge, or in the country to the provincial grand master, if there be one. When all parties shall have been summoned to

attend thereon, and the case investigated, such order and adjudication shall be made as is authorized by the laws and regulations of masonry.

7. A mason offending against any law or regulation of the craft, to the breach of which no specific penalty is attached, shall, at the discretion of the grand lodge, or any of its delegated authorities, or of a provincial grand master, be subject to admonition, fine, or suspension.

If fine be the punishment awarded, it shall be, for the first offence, not less than one pound nor more than five pounds ; for a second offence of a similar nature, within three years, it shall be not less than two nor more than ten pounds ; and if the brother shall refuse to pay the fine, or be guilty of a third offence within three years of the second offence, he shall be liable to expulsion from the craft.

All fines shall be applied to the general fund of charity.

### *Of PROPOSING MEMBERS.*

#### MAKING, PASSING, AND RAISING.

GREAT discredit and injury having been brought upon our antient and honourable fraternity from admitting members and receiving

candidates, without due notice being given, or inquiry made into their characters, and qualifications ; and from passing and raising masons without due instruction in the respective degrees, it is declared that a violation or neglect of any of the following laws shall subject the lodge offending to erasure, and no emergency can be allowed as a justification.\*

1. No brother shall be admitted a member of a lodge without a regular proposition in open lodge, nor until his name, occupation, and place of abode, as well as the name and number of the lodge of which he is or was last a member, or in which he was initiated, shall have been sent to all the members in the summons for the next regular lodge meeting ; at which meeting the brother's grand lodge certificate, and also the certificate of his former lodge are to be produced, and the decision of the brethren ascertained by ballot. When a lodge has ceased to meet, any former member thereof shall be eligible to be proposed and admitted a member of another lodge, on producing a certificate from the grand secretary, stating the fact, and specifying whether the brother has been registered and his quarterage duly paid.

2. No person shall be made a mason without

\* *A dispensation cannot be granted except in cases specially provided for.*

a regular proposition at one lodge, and a ballot at the next regular lodge ; which shall not take place unless his name, addition or profession, and place of abode, shall have been sent to all the members in the summons.

In cases of emergency, the following alteration is allowed. Any two members of a lodge may transmit in writing to the master the name, &c., of any candidate whom they may wish to propose, and the circumstances which cause the emergency ; and the master, if it be proper, shall notify the same to every member of his lodge ; either in the summons for the next regular meeting, or in a summons for a lodge of emergency, to meet at a period of not less than seven days from the issuing of the summons for the purpose of balloting for the candidate ; and if the candidate be then approved, he may be initiated into the first degree. The master shall, previous to the ballot being taken, cause the proposition, and emergency, to be recorded in the minute-book of the lodge.

3. No man shall be made a mason in any lodge under the age of twenty-one years, unless by dispensation from the grand master, or provincial grand master. Every candidate must be a free man, his own master, and, at the time of initiation, in reputable circumstances. Previous

to his initiation, he must subscribe his name at full length, to a declaration of the following import,\* viz. :—

To the worshipful master, wardens, officers, and members of the lodge of

No.

I, being a free man, and of the full age of twenty-one years, do declare that, unbiassed by the improper solicitation of friends, and uninfluenced by mercenary or other unworthy motive, I freely and voluntarily offer myself a candidate for the mysteries of masonry ; that I am prompted by a favourable opinion conceived of the institution, and a desire of knowledge ; and that I will cheerfully conform to all the antient usages and established customs of the order. Witness my hand, this

of

Witness

4. No person can be made a mason in, or admitted a member of a lodge, if, on the ballot, three black balls appear against him : but the by-laws of a lodge may enact that one or two black balls shall exclude a candidate.

5. Every candidate shall, on his initiation,

\* *Any individual who cannot write is consequently ineligible to be admitted into the order.*

solemnly promise to submit to the constitutions, and to conform to all the usages and regulations of the craft.

6. No lodge shall on any pretence initiate into masonry more than five persons on the same day, unless by a dispensation, which shall specify the total number to be initiated.

7. No lodge shall confer more than one degree on any brother on the same day, nor shall a higher degree be conferred on any brother at a less interval than four weeks from his receiving a previous degree (except as provided at p. 56, sec. 1, par. 2), nor until he has passed an examination in open lodge in that degree.

8. No other lodge shall initiate any non-commissioned officer or corporal belonging to a regiment or battalion to which a military lodge is attached, nor shall any lodge initiate any military person below the rank of a corporal, except as a serving brother, or by dispensation from the grand master, or provincial grand master.

9. No person shall be made a mason for less than three guineas, exclusive of the registering fee, nor shall a lodge on any pretence remit or defer the payment of any part of this sum. The

member who proposes a candidate must be responsible to the lodge for all the fees payable on account of the initiation.

This is not to extend to the making of serving brethren, who may be initiated by the lodge which they are to serve, provided that no fee or reward be taken, and that a dispensation from the grand master or provincial grand master be first obtained, which shall be specified in the return made to the grand secretary: but a brother so initiated cannot be a member of the lodge in which he was initiated, though eligible to become a subscribing member of any other lodge; and, upon being registered a joining member of such other lodge, and paying his contributions in like manner with other members, he is entitled to all the privileges and benefits of the craft.

If, however, there be no other lodge in the vicinity of his dwelling of which he can become a member, he may be permitted to pay through the lodge in which he was initiated the quarterly dues to the fund of benevolence; and after having served the lodge and paid such dues for four years at least, may be considered eligible to be relieved in case of distress, and entitled to the other privileges of the craft in the same manner as if he had been a regular subscribing member.  
(See page 99, Art. 5.)

*Of LODGES of INSTRUCTION.*

1. No general lodge of instruction shall be holden unless under the sanction of a regular warranted lodge, or by the special licence and authority of the grand master. The lodge giving its sanction, and the brethren to whom such licence is granted, shall be answerable for the proceedings, and responsible that the mode of working adopted has received the sanction of the grand lodge.

Notice of the times and places of meeting of lodges of instruction, within the London district, shall be given to the grand secretary.

2. Lodges of instruction shall keep minutes of all brethren present at each meeting and of brethren appointed to hold office, and such minutes shall be produced when called for by the grand master, the board of general purposes, or the lodge granting the sanction.

3. If a lodge which has given its sanction for a lodge of instruction being held under its warrant shall see fit, it may at any regular meeting withdraw that sanction by a resolution of the lodge, to be communicated to the lodge of instruction; provided notice of the intention to

## VISITORS AND CERTIFICATES. 89

withdraw the sanction be inserted in the summons for that meeting.

### *Of VISITORS.*

1. No visitor shall be admitted into a lodge unless he be personally known, recommended, or well vouched for, after due examination by one of the present brethren ; and during his continuance in the lodge he must be subject to the by-laws of the lodge. The master of the lodge is bound to enforce these regulations.

2. It is within the power of the master, wardens, and brethren of every private lodge to refuse admission to any visitor of known bad character.

3. A brother, who is not a subscribing member to a lodge, shall not be permitted to visit any lodge in the town or place where he resides more than once during his secession from the craft.

### *Of CERTIFICATES.*

1. **EVERY** brother shall be entitled to a grand lodge certificate, immediately upon his being registered in the books of the grand lodge, for which certificate the lodge shall pay the dues

specified at p. 117, Art. 7. Each lodge, therefore, when it makes a return of the masons whom it has initiated, or admitted to join from lodges under other constitutions, shall, in addition to the register fees, make a remittance for the certificates, which may either be taken out of the initiation or joining fee, or charged separately to the brothers for whom the certificates are obtained, at the discretion of the lodge.

2. Every brother to whom a grand lodge certificate is granted must sign his name in the margin thereof, or it will not be valid.

3. No brother shall obtain a grand lodge certificate if he shall have been admitted to more than one degree of masonry on the same day, or at a shorter interval than four weeks from his receiving a previous degree, except as provided at p. 56, sec. 1.

4. Every document upon which a grand lodge certificate is to be issued, must specify the date of initiation, and the days on which the brother was advanced to the second or third degrees, as the case may be.

5. All applications for grand lodge certificates must be made to the grand secretary, except in

the British colonies and settlements, or foreign districts, for which a provincial grand master is appointed, and to whom grand lodge certificates may be forwarded as mentioned at pages 59 and 60. If the name of the brother wishing for the certificate has not previously been registered, the money payable on registration must be transmitted at the same time ; as no certificate can, on any account, be issued until such money has been paid.

6. A brother, who shall have obtained a grand lodge certificate of the first or second degree, will, after he has been advanced to a superior degree, be entitled to exchange such certificate for one of the superior degree without additional expense.

7. No lodge shall grant a private lodge certificate to a brother, except for the purpose of enabling him to obtain a grand lodge certificate (in which case it shall be specially addressed to the grand secretary) ; and except all such certificates as may be required by the laws of the grand lodge (see art. 5, p. 81, and art. 1, p. 83), or called for by any of its boards or committees. No lodge shall, under any pretence, make a charge for a certificate.

*Of REMOVAL of LODGES.*

ANY lodge may be removed from one house to another, within the same town or place, at the discretion of its members ; but, in order to prevent disputes, and to ascertain how this power is to be exercised, the following regulations must be strictly complied with.

1. No lodge shall be removed without the master's knowledge, nor shall any motion for removal be made in his absence ; but, if the motion be regularly made and seconded, the master shall order summonses to be sent to every member, specifying the business and appointing a day for hearing and deciding the question ; such day to be at least one week after the issuing of the summonses. The majority present shall determine the question, provided the master be one of that majority ; but, if he be against removing, the lodge shall not be removed, unless the majority consist of two-thirds of the members present.

If the master should refuse to issue the summonses, either of the wardens may do so, and if the master neglect to attend, the senior or junior warden may preside in determining the question.

2. If the meeting of a lodge at its usual place should, by any circumstance, be rendered impracticable or improper, the master may appoint any other place for a meeting, to consult his brethren on the occasion, and whether a permanent removal may be expedient.

3. When a lodge shall have resolved to remove, or to alter the day of meeting, the master or a warden shall forthwith send a copy of the minutes of the lodge for such alteration to the grand secretary, and also to the provincial grand master or his deputy, that it may be ascertained whether the above laws have been strictly complied with, and that the alteration may be duly recorded.

4. No lodge can be removed from one town or place to another, nor the warrant transferred, without the consent of the grand master, or of the provincial grand master with the concurrence of the grand master. But in the colonies and foreign parts the concurrence of the grand master is not required for the removal of a lodge from one place to another within the same district.

#### *Of PUBLIC PROCESSIONS.*

1. No masonic funeral or other public pro-

cession shall, on any pretence, be allowed, without the licence of the grand master, or provincial grand master.

2. If any brother shall attend as a mason, clothed in any of the jewels or badges of the craft, at any funeral or public procession, without the permission of the grand master, or provincial grand master, he shall be rendered incapable of ever being an officer of a lodge, and excluded the benefit of the general charity. And if a lodge shall so offend, it shall stand suspended until the grand lodge shall determine thereon.

*Of TYLERS.*

1. THE tylers are to be chosen by the members of the lodge, and may at any time be removed, for cause deemed sufficient by a majority of the brethren present, at a regular meeting of the lodge.

2. If any tyler, without the licence of the grand master or his deputy, shall attend at any masonic funeral or public procession, or at any meeting or pretended lodge of masons, not being regularly constituted and not acknowledging the authority of the grand master, or not conforming to the laws of the grand lodge, he shall be

incapable of ever after being a tyler, or attendant on a lodge, and shall be excluded the benefit of the general charity.

*Of APPEAL.*

THE grand lodge possesses the supreme superintending authority, and the power of finally deciding on every case which concerns the interest of the craft. Any lodge or brother, therefore, who feels aggrieved by the decision of any other masonic authority or jurisdiction, may appeal to the next practicable grand lodge against such decision. The appeal must be made in writing, specifying the particular grievance complained of, and be transmitted, together with all documentary evidence, to the grand secretary twenty-one days at least before the next quarterly communication of grand lodge, accompanied by a certificate that notices and copies of the appeal have been sent by the appellant to the party against whose decision the appeal is made, and also to the opposite party ; and upon receipt of the appeal and certificates by the grand secretary, he shall forthwith give notice thereof to the party whose decision is thereby called in question ; and on the hearing of the appeal the proof of the service of the notices and copies of appeal shall be upon the appellant unless admitted by

the parties, and such service shall be considered valid if sent by the ordinary post.

At the hearing of the appeal no fresh evidence shall be adduced by either party.

No appeal can be received unless couched in proper and respectful language.

*Of the FUND of BENEVOLENCE.*

1. THE fund appropriated to the object of benevolence shall be solely devoted to charity.
2. Every member of each lodge within the London district shall pay towards the fund of benevolence one shilling per quarter, or four shillings per annum, and every member of each country and military lodge, sixpence per quarter, or two shillings per annum.
3. The distribution and application of this fund shall take place on the last Wednesday but one of every month, by a lodge of benevolence, which shall consist of a president or master, to be appointed by the grand master, at the grand lodge in December, and of all the present and past grand officers, and all actual masters of lodges, and twelve past masters of lodges to be nominated at the board of masters annually in November, and to be elected by the grand lodge

in December, in the same manner as the elected members of the board of general purposes ; but no past master shall be eligible to be re-elected who shall have neglected to attend the lodge of benevolence at six meetings. If the actual master of the year of any lodge cannot attend, the immediate past master may supply his place ; should that brother be unable to attend, some other past master of such lodge may act for him ; but in every case the past master must be a subscribing member of the lodge. The brother presiding shall be bound strictly to enforce all the regulations of the craft respecting the distribution of this fund, and shall be satisfied, before any petition be read, that all the required formalities have been complied with.

At the board of masters next preceding the grand lodge in December, brethren shall be nominated for election to the offices of senior and junior vice-presidents of the lodge of benevolence, and the names so nominated shall be submitted to grand lodge in December, who shall elect a senior vice-president and a junior vice-president, out of the names respectively submitted for those offices, in the same manner as in the case of elected members of the board of general purposes. The vice-presidents so elected shall act as wardens of the lodge of

benevolence during the ensuing year. In the absence of the president, the senior vice-president, and in the absence of both, the junior vice-president shall take the chair; should all three be absent, the brother present who is highest in rank and seniority shall preside; and if either of the vice-presidents shall be absent, or be in the chair, his place shall be filled in like manner. No brother shall be re-elected as a vice-president who shall have failed to attend the lodge of benevolence at six meetings during the twelve months immediately preceding.

The members shall not be subject to canvass or previous solicitation, but shall have their minds free from prejudice, to decide on the merits of each case with the impartiality and purity of masonic feeling. If it shall appear that this rule has been wilfully transgressed, the consideration of the case of the brother on whose behalf the canvass or solicitation has been made, shall be deferred for the space of three months; and no member shall at any time vote upon the petition of any person, for whom he may have been canvassed, or to whom he is related, or who is a member of the lodge to which he himself belongs; though such member may be heard on the merits of the petition, and must then withdraw. If any master of a lodge

shall canvass or otherwise solicit on behalf of a petitioner, he shall be rendered incapable of attending as a member of the lodge of benevolence for twelve months.

4. No master shall act as a member of the lodge of benevolence if his lodge have neglected to make its returns and pay its contributions to the funds of the grand lodge during the preceding twelve months.

5. No mason registered under the constitution of the grand lodge of England shall receive the benefit of this fund unless he have paid the full consideration fee, have been registered in the books of the grand lodge, have continued a subscribing member to a contributing lodge for at least two years, and during that period, paid his quarterly dues to the fund of benevolence. The limitation of two years, however, does not apply to the cases of shipwreck, capture at sea, loss by fire, or breaking or dislocating a limb, fully attested and proved.

Secretaries, who are by their lodges exempted from the payment of subscription, shall not thereby be disqualified from obtaining assistance from the fund of benevolence, but shall be considered as subscribing members of their lodges. their services being equivalent to subscription;

provided their dues to the grand lodge have been duly paid.

A serving brother, who, under the provisions of Art. 9, p. 86, of the constitutions, under the head "proposing members," has paid, through the lodge in which he was initiated, the quarterly dues to the fund of benevolence for four years at least, may be considered eligible to be relieved in case of distress, in the same manner as if he had been a regular subscribing member.

6. If it shall be proved that any petitioning brother has paid to his lodge the full fees, including the register fee, and also two years' quarterage, but that the lodge has neglected to register such brother or transmit the dues to the grand lodge, the lodge of benevolence may relieve the brother, and refer the case to the board of general purposes, that the lodge may be rigorously proceeded against for withholding moneys the property of the grand lodge.

7. The lodge of benevolence may also grant relief to the indigent widow, or child, of a deceased mason who would himself have been qualified to receive assistance; or of a brother who shall have died within two years from the period of his initiation, or of his having joined

an English lodge from a foreign lodge, and who shall have continued a subscribing member to the time of his decease ; provided the marriage certificate and other proper certificates and testimonials be produced.

When application for relief is made on behalf of children only, such application must be made within two years of the death of the father.

8. Brethren under the constitution of the grand lodges of Scotland and Ireland, as well as of foreign grand lodges, and members of colonial lodges, may be relieved on the production of certificates from their respective grand lodges, or other sufficient certificates and testimonials to the satisfaction of the lodge of benevolence, and proof of identity and distress, and of having paid at least two years' subscription to a regular lodge, it being understood that in the case of foreign brethren, such relief, if exceeding three pounds, except in case of sickness, is intended to assist them to return to their native land.

9. Applications for relief must be by petition, stating the name, occupation, place of abode, and present circumstances of the petitioner ; the name and number of the lodge in which, and the time when he (or the husband or father, in the case of the petition of a widow, child, or children) was initiated, and the other lodges if

any, which he afterwards joined. The applicant, unless disabled by disease or accident, must sign the petition.

10. To every petition must be added a recommendation, signed in open lodge, by the master, wardens, and a majority of the members then present, to which the petitioner (or the husband or father, in the case of the petition of a widow, child, or children) does or did belong, or from some other contributing lodge, certifying (see the form at the end) that they have known him to have been in reputable, or at least tolerable circumstances, and that he has been not less than two years an actual contributing member paying the stipulated subscription to the funds of a regular lodge, as well as quarterage to the fund of benevolence, with such other observations as they may think proper; or in the case of brethren under the constitution of the grand lodges of Scotland or Ireland, or of foreign lodges, and the members of colonial lodges, a recommendation signed by a brother registered under the constitution of the grand lodge of England.

A visit shall be paid to every applicant by the master or some member of the lodge, or some other brother, who shall certify in writing the result of his inquiries: and in addition, in all town cases, the brother giving the certificate,

or some other brother who has visited the case, shall attend the lodge of benevolence on the consideration of the petition.

11. Before the petition of the widow or children shall be taken into consideration, the grand lodge or other masonic certificate of the deceased brother shall be deposited with the grand secretary, unless it shall be satisfactorily proved that it has been lost.

12. No petition for relief shall be presented to the lodge of benevolence, unless it has been left with the grand secretary three days at least previously to their meeting.

13. No petition shall be read unless the petitioner attend the lodge of benevolence in person ; except in the case of widows and children, and of sickness, lameness, imprisonment, or residence in the country beyond the London district.

14. A brother, who has been relieved, cannot petition a second time within one year. A widow, who has been relieved, cannot petition again.

15. The lodge of benevolence may order the

payment of any sum not exceeding the following, that is to say),

Twenty pounds towards the relief of a distressed brother.

Ten pounds towards the relief of a widow or child; should there be a child, or children totally dependent on the widow, or more than one orphan, the grant may be extended to any sum not exceeding twenty pounds.

16. When cases of extraordinary distress occur, and the sum of twenty pounds does not appear sufficient to afford adequate relief, the lodge of benevolence may recommend such cases to the grand master, who may grant any sum not exceeding forty pounds. Whenever any vote for a sum of money not exceeding fifty pounds shall be carried in grand lodge, pursuant to a recommendation from the lodge of benevolence, the same shall be paid forthwith; but should the vote exceed fifty pounds, it shall not be valid until confirmed at the next grand lodge.

Any vote or recommendation for a sum exceeding ten pounds shall not be effectual until confirmed at the next or a subsequent meeting of the lodge of benevolence, except in cases of recommendation to grand lodge; but the lodge may at once pay any sum not exceeding ten pounds

on account of any vote or recommendation of the lodge exceeding that sum. The lodge, instead of confirming the grant or recommendation may reduce it to any sum not less than that which has been paid on account, and the resolution of reduction shall not require confirmation.

The lodge of benevolence may grant relief to the extent of two pounds to any distressed mason who has presented his petition in due time, although the conditions and forms above contained have not been complied with.

17. These laws and regulations shall be read by the grand secretary in the months of January, April, July, and October, previous to the lodge entering on business; and the master in the chair shall not, on any pretence whatever, allow any part of them to be dispensed with or infringed.

*To prevent mistakes in the recommendation of petitions, the following form is proposed, which may be altered as circumstances require.*

We, the undersigned, being the master, wardens, and majority of the members present, in open lodge assembled, of lodge No. called  
and held at

this                    day of  
18            do hereby certify, that  
the within-named petitioner hath been a regular

contributing member, paying the stipulated subscription to this lodge, for the space of years, and that we have known him in reputable circumstances, and do therefore recommend him to the lodge of benevolence for relief, having satisfactory grounds for believing the allegations set forth in his petition to be true.

*Certificate to be sent with every application for relief from the Lodge of Benevolence.*

The master or visiting brother of any lodge recommending a case for relief at the lodge of benevolence shall, to the best of his information and belief, certify in writing, under his signature, to the actual condition of the applicant, his age, profession or calling, means of subsistence, what aid he receives from his family, his future prospects, the position he has held in the craft, and any matter that may guide the lodge of benevolence in adjusting the distribution of relief from its funds. The application of widows or children to be accompanied with a like certificate so far as practicable, with the probable disposal of the funds if relieved.

*Masters of lodges or visiting brethren are earnestly requested to forward the fullest particulars of each case, to enable the lodge of benevolence to relieve the applicants to the utmost extent of its means.*

## BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES. 107

### *Of the BOARD of GENERAL PURPOSES.*

THE board shall consist of the grand master, pro grand master, deputy grand master, and the grand wardens of the year, a president, and twenty-four other members. The president and ten of such other members shall be annually nominated by the grand master, at the quarterly grand lodge in June ; and the grand lodge shall, on the same day, elect the remaining fourteen members from among the actual masters and past masters of lodges. Not more than seven past masters are to be so elected, nor can a master and past master or more than one past master of the same lodge be elected on the same board ; but this shall not disqualify any past master being a subscribing member and master of another lodge, from being elected for and representing such other lodge as master ; one-third of the members, at least, must go out of office annually. The board shall elect one of its members to be vice-president.

2. The masters and past masters are to be elected by ballot, and for that purpose the names of the several brethren intended to be put in nomination are to be delivered in writing at the general committee preceding the grand lodge in June, in order that all the names so proposed may be printed in a list, a copy of which shall

## 108 BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES.

be delivered to each member of the grand lodge. The balloting lists having been delivered to the members of the grand lodge, are to be collected by scrutineers to be appointed for that purpose, and are not to be signed.

3. Four scrutineers are to be elected at the general committee previous to the grand lodge in June, and four other scrutineers are to be nominated by the grand master or presiding officer at that grand lodge. These eight scrutineers are to collect the lists from the brethren to whom they have been delivered, and shall solemnly pledge themselves to make a correct report under their hands of the result of the ballot. They shall then retire, and having ascertained the numbers for the respective candidates, shall present the report in grand lodge. But if their report be not ready by the time the grand lodge is about to be closed, the grand master or the presiding officer shall, after closing the grand lodge, receive the report in his private room, and in such case a copy thereof, verified by the grand secretary, shall be immediately posted up in the grand secretary's office, and remain during one week for the information of the craft.

4. If the president, vice-president, or any other member of the board die or be removed, the

## BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES. 109

vacancy shall be filled up. If one appointed by the grand master, then by the grand master; and if one elected by the grand lodge, then by the grand lodge at the next quarterly communication. In cases where an election is to take place in grand lodge, notice thereof shall be given in the general committee, and the names of candidates intended to be proposed to fill such vacancies must then be given.

5. Should the president and vice-president be absent, the brother highest in rank and seniority shall preside.
6. The board shall meet on the third Tuesday in every month, at three o'clock precisely. It may also be convened at other times by command of the grand master, or by the authority of the president.
7. Five members shall constitute a board and proceed to business, except in the decision of masonic complaints, for which purpose at least seven members must be present. All questions shall be decided by a majority of votes; the presiding officer, in case of equality, having a second vote.
8. The board has authority to hear and determine all subjects of masonic complaint or irre-

## 110 BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES.

gularity respecting lodges or individual masons, when regularly brought before it, and generally to take cognizance of all matters relating to the craft. It may proceed to admonition, fine, or suspension, according to the laws ; and its decision shall be final, unless an appeal be made to the grand lodge. But should any case be of so flagrant a nature as to require the erasure of a lodge or the expulsion of a brother, the board shall make a special report thereon to the grand lodge.

9. The board shall have full power to inspect all books and papers relating to the accounts of the grand lodge, and to give orders for the correct arrangement of them ; and to summon the grand treasurer, grand registrar, grand secretary, or other brother, having possession of any books, papers, documents, or accounts belonging to the grand lodge, and to give such directions as may be necessary.

10. The board shall have charge of the finances of the grand lodge, examine all demands upon it, and, when found correct, shall order the grand treasurer to discharge them.

11. At the board next following the close of each quarter, the account of receipts and disbursements for the last quarter shall be balanced.

## BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES. 111

This account, together with a list of the contributions, shall be printed and transmitted to each lodge with the report of the proceedings of the next quarterly communication.

12. At the meeting in January in each year, the board shall investigate the accounts of the grand lodge for the last year, and prepare them for the auditor; and shall, at the quarterly communication in March, state the amount of receipts and expenditure under their respective heads, together with the amount of the property belonging to the grand lodge in the public funds or elsewhere; and do all such matters as may be necessary to give the grand lodge full information respecting the receipt and application of its funds. An abstract of this report shall be transmitted to every lodge, as directed by the preceding article.

13. The board may appoint sub-committees from among its members, for specific purposes, who must report to the board.

14. The board may summon any lodge or brother to attend them, and to produce the warrant, books, papers, and accounts of the lodge, or the certificate of the brother. If such lodge or brother do not comply or give sufficient reasons

## 112 BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES.

for non-compliance, a peremptory summons shall issue; and, in case of contumacy, the lodge or brother shall be suspended, and the proceeding notified to the grand lodge.

15. No recommendation, petition, or representation of any kind shall be received by the board, unless it be in writing, and signed by the person or persons addressing the board.

16. The members of the board shall be in masonic clothing when they proceed to the investigation of any charge or complaint.

17. When the board has investigated and decided on any case, which, in its judgment, requires admonition, fine, or suspension, the offence shall be fully stated in the minutes, shall be declared proved, the law relating thereto (if provided against) quoted, and the decision recorded and acted upon.

18. In case of any charge or complaint affecting a member of the board or a lodge to which he belongs, such member shall withdraw whilst the board considers its decision.

19. Except when otherwise specially directed by resolution of grand lodge, the board has the direction of every thing relating to the buildings and furniture of the grand lodge, and may sug-

## BOARD OF GENERAL PURPOSES. 113

gest any alterations or improvements. It is to cause the necessary preparations to be made for the meetings of the grand lodge as well as for the days of festival, public ceremonies, &c., and to take care that arrangements be made for the proper accommodation of the boards or committees appointed by the grand lodge, and of the private lodges meeting at Freemasons' Hall. It shall also give orders for all the usual and ordinary articles which may be requisite for the grand lodge; but no extraordinary expense of any kind shall be incurred without the previous sanction of the grand lodge.

20. The board has likewise the care and regulation of all the concerns of the grand lodge, and shall conduct the correspondence between the grand lodge and its subordinate lodges and brethren, and communications with sister grand lodges and brethren of eminence and distinction throughout the world.

21. The board may recommend to the grand lodge whatever it shall deem necessary or advantageous to the welfare and good government of the craft, and may originate plans for the better regulation of the grand lodge and the arrangement of its general transactions.

22. All communications from the board to the

## 114 THE COLONIAL BOARD.

grand master, grand lodge, other boards, or committees, or any private lodge, or brother, shall be made in writing.

23. The board shall proceed to the consideration of any special matter which may be referred to it by the grand master or the grand lodge in preference to other business.

24. All transactions and regulations of the board shall be entered in the minute-book by the secretary.

### *Of the COLONIAL BOARD.*

1. THE board shall consist of ten members of the grand lodge, to be nominated and elected at the same time, and in the same manner, as the members of the board of general purposes.

2. The constitution of the board shall be as follows :—Seven members shall be elected by the grand lodge, the three colonial members shall be nominated by the grand master, who shall appoint the chairman and vice-chairman from the board so constituted.

3. When practicable, three members of the board shall be past masters of colonial lodges.

4. The board shall meet on the first Tuesday in every month at three o'clock precisely. Three members to be a quorum.

5. The board shall have similar powers, as regards the colonies and foreign parts, to those exercised by the board of general purposes.

6. The grand secretary shall submit to the board, at its first meeting after their receipt, all communications received from the colonies.

*Of FEES PAYABLE TO THE FUNDS  
OF GENERAL PURPOSES AND  
BENEVOLENCE.*

1. EVERY brother, on his first appointment to either of the following offices, shall pay to the fund of benevolence.

The pro grand master .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
The deputy grand master .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
Grand warden .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
Grand treasurer .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
Grand registrar .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
President of the board of general purposes .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
Grand secretary .....	<i>Ten guineas.</i>
Grand deacon .....	<i>Five guineas.</i>
Grand director of ceremonies ..	<i>Five guineas.</i>
Assistant grand director of ceremonies .....	<i>Five guineas.</i>
Grand superintendent of works .....	<i>Five guineas.</i>
Grand sword bearer .....	<i>Five guineas.</i>

2. A provincial grand master shall pay three guineas for his patent, and ten guineas to the fund of benevolence. The ten guineas to the fund of benevolence are not, however, to be paid by a district grand master appointed to a colonial or foreign district, provided the brother be a resident in such district.

3. A deputy provincial grand master shall pay two guineas to the fund of general purposes, for registering his name in the books of the grand lodge.

4. A provincial grand warden, if not resident in the province, a fee of two guineas to the fund of benevolence for a dispensation. Subordinate officers, for the same, one guinea.

5. Granting a new warrant for the London district, fifteen guineas ; for provincial lodges, ten guineas ; and for district lodges and lodges in foreign parts five guineas ; and a warrant of confirmation, two guineas, to the fund of general purposes.

6. Granting a dispensation for a London lodge, ten shillings and sixpence, to be paid to the fund of general purposes ; and for a Country lodge, five shillings, to be paid to the provincial grand lodge fund ; but if no

such fund exist, then to the fund of general purposes.

7. Grand lodge certificates, six shillings and sixpence, to be paid at the same time as the fee for registration.

8. The registration fee for a mason made within the London district, one guinea ; and in a country or military lodge, ten shillings and sixpence ; for a brother joining a lodge in the London district, he having been initiated in another lodge, five shillings ; and for a brother so joining a country or military lodge, two shillings and sixpence.

9. The joining fee upon the registration of brethren initiated in lodges not holding under the grand lodge of England, and therefore not previously registered, the same as upon initiation.

10. The registration fee for a mason made in a colonial or foreign lodge, seven shillings and sixpence sterling, which payment shall include the grand lodge certificate ; the fee for a brother joining any such lodge, two shillings and sixpence, but should he require a grand lodge certificate, then the full fee of seven shillings and sixpence shall be paid.

*Of REGALIA.*

1. THE following clothing and insignia shall be worn by the craft ; and no brother shall, on any pretence, be admitted into the grand lodge, or any subordinate lodge, without his proper clothing.
2. No honorary or other jewel or emblem shall be worn in the grand lodge or any subordinate lodge which shall not appertain to or be consistent with those degrees which are recognized and acknowledged by and are under the control of the grand lodge as part of pure and antient masonry.

## JEWELS.

*The Grand Master*, The compasses extended to  $45^{\circ}$ , with the segment of a circle at the points and a gold plate included, on which is to be represented an eye irradiated within a triangle also irradiated.

*The Pro Grand Master*, The same.

*Past Grand Masters, and } A similar jewel, with-  
Past Pro Grand Masters, } out the gold plate*

*Deputy Grand Master*, . . . . The compasses and square united, with a five-pointed star in the centre.

*Past Deputy Grand Masters*. The compasses and square only.

*Senior Grand Warden*, . . . . The level.

*Junior Grand Warden*, . . . . The plumb.

*Grand Chaplains*, . . . . . A book, within a triangle.

*Grand Treasurer*, . . . . . A chased key.

*Grand Registrar*, . . . . . A scroll, with seal appended. .

*President of the Board of General Purposes*, . . . . Arms, crests, and supporters of grand lodge.

*Grand Secretary*, . . . . . Cross pens with a tie.

*Grand Deacons*, . . . . . Dove and Olive Branch.

*Grand Superintendent of Works*, . . . . . } A semicircular pro-tractor.

*Grand Director of Ceremonies*, Cross rods.

*Assistant Ditto*, . . . . . Ditto.

*Grand Sword Bearer*, . . . . Cross swords.

*Grand Organist*, . . . . . A lyre.

*Grand Pursuivant*, . . . . . Arms of the grand lodge with rod and sword crossed.

The jewels of the grand chaplain, registrar, president of the board of general purposes, secretary, deacons, superintendent of works, director of ceremonies, and assistant director of ceremonies, sword bearer, organist, and pur-sivant, are to be within a wreath composed of a sprig of acacia, and an ear of corn.

The grand stewards of the year wear silver gilt jewels pendent to collars of crimson ribbon four inches broad, and bear white wands. The jewel of a grand steward is—A cornucopia between the legs of a pair of compasses extended upon an irradiated gold plate within a circle, on which is engraved “United Grand Lodge of Antient Free and Accepted Masons of England.”

Past grand stewards, so long as they continue to subscribe to some lodge, wear jewels pendent to collars of crimson ribbon, four inches broad, with silver cord on each edge. The jewel of a past grand steward is oval in form, and of the same device as the jewel of a grand steward, but on crimson enamel instead of the irradiated plate, and of smaller size.

*Provincial Grand Master, . . .* The compasses and square, with a five-pointed star in the centre.

*Dep. Prov. Grand Master, . . . The square.*

*All other Officers of Provincial Grand Lodges, . . . .* Jewels of the same description as those worn by the officers of the grand lodge.

*Provincial Grand Stewards,* Jewels similar to those worn by the stewards of the grand lodge.

The jewels of the provincial grand master and other provincial grand officers and provincial grand stewards are to be placed within a circle, on which the name of the province is to be engraven.

All past grand officers, and past provincial grand offices, may wear the jewel of their respective officers on a blue enamelled oval medal.

All the above jewels to be gold or gilt.

*Masters of Lodges, . . . . . The square.*

*Past Masters, . . . . .* The square and the diagram of the 47th prop. 1st Book of Euclid, engraven on a silver plate, pendant within it.

<i>Senior Warden</i> ,	.....	The level.
<i>Junior Warden</i> ,	.....	The plumb.
<i>Treasurer</i> ,	.....	The key.
<i>Secretary</i> ,	.....	The cross pens.
<i>Deacons</i> ,	.....	The dove.
<i>Inner Guard</i> ,	.....	Cross swords.
<i>Tyler</i> ,	.....	The sword.

The above jewels to be in silver, except those of the officers of the Lodge of Antiquity, No. 2, and of the British Lodge No. 8, which are golden or gilt. The collars to be light-blue ribbon, four inches broad ; if silver chain be used, it must be placed over the light-blue ribbon.

In the grand lodge and at great ceremonials and festivals, where the grand officers appear in their official capacities, the actual grand officers wear chains of gold, or metal gilt, instead of collars ; but upon all other occasions collars of garter-blue ribbons, four inches broad, embroidered or plain.

Past grand officers of the grand lodge of England are, in the grand lodge, or at any great ceremonials or festival, to wear embroidered collars, and in private lodges collars either embroidered or plain.

Past grand stewards, when attending the grand lodge as masters, past masters, or wardens of private lodges, wear their collars and jewels

of the lodges and offices respectively, in right of which they attend as members of the grand lodge.

Patterns of the chains and collars are given in the Appendix.

Provincial grand masters wear chains of gold or metal gilt, or collars of garter-blue ribbon, four inches broad.

Deputy provincial grand masters and other subordinate provincial grand officers, present and past, wear collars of garter-blue ribbon, four inches broad, with narrow edging of gold lace or cord, but not bullion or fringe, nor plain, except in the grand lodge, in which they must wear their collars and jewels of the lodges and offices respectively, in right of which they attend as members of the grand lodge. Provincial grand stewards, during their period of office only, wear collars of crimson ribbon two and a half inches broad.

#### APRONS.

*Entered Apprentice*,—A plain white lamb skin from fourteen to sixteen inches wide, twelve to fourteen inches deep, square at bottom and without ornament ; white strings.

*Fellow Craft*,—A plain white lamb skin, similar

to that of the entered apprentice, with the addition only of two sky-blue rosettes at the bottom.

*Master Mason*.—The same, with sky-blue lining and edging, one and a half-inch deep, and an additional rosette on the fall or flap, and silver tassels.—No other colour or ornament shall be allowed except to officers and past officers of lodges, who may have the emblems of their offices in silver or white in the centre of the apron ; and except as to the members of the Prince of Wales' Lodge, No. 259, who are allowed to wear a narrow internal border of garter-blue on their aprons.

*Grand Stewards, present and past*.—Aprons of the same dimensions, lined with crimson, edging of the same colour three and a half inches, and silver tassels.—Provincial grand stewards, while in office, the same, except that the edging is only two inches wide.—The collar of the grand stewards' lodge to be crimson ribbon, four inches broad.

*Grand Officers of the Grand Lodge, present and past*.—Aprons of the same dimensions, lined with garter-blue edging three and a half inches, ornamented with gold, and blue

strings, and they may have the emblems of their offices, in gold or blue, in the centre.

*Provincial Grand Officers, present and past,—*

Aprons of the same dimensions lined with garter-blue, and ornamented with gold, and with blue strings ; they must have the emblems of their offices in gold or blue in the centre within a double circle, in which must be inserted the name of the province. The garter-blue edging to the aprons must not exceed two inches in width.

The apron of the deputy grand master to have the emblem of his office in gold embroidery in the centre, and the pomegranate and lotus alternately embroidered in gold on the edging.

The apron of the grand master is ornamented with the blazing sun embroidered in gold in the centre, on the edging the pomegranate and lotus with the seven-eared wheat at each corner, and also on the fall ; all in gold embroidery ; the fringe of gold bullion.

The apron of the pro grand master the same.

The masters and past masters of lodges to wear, in the place of the three rosettes on the master mason's apron, perpendicular lines upon horizontal lines, thereby forming three several sets of two right angles ; the length of the horizontal lines to be two inches and a half each

## 126 CONSTITUTING A NEW LODGE.

and of the perpendicular lines one each ; these emblems to be of ribbon, half an inch broad, and of the same colour as the lining and edging of the apron. If grand officers, similar emblems, of garter-blue or gold.

### *Of CONSTITUTING a NEW LODGE.*

EVERY application for a warrant to hold a new lodge must be by petition to the grand master, signed by at least seven regularly registered masons ; and the lodges to which they belong, or formerly belonged, must be specified. The petition must be recommended by the officers of a regular lodge, and be transmitted to the grand secretary, unless there be a provincial grand master of the district or province in which the lodge is proposed to be holden, in which case it is first to be sent to him, or to his deputy, who is to forward it, with his recommendation or opinion thereon for the grand master.

The M. W. grand master may authorize district grand masters, in such districts as he shall think proper, to grant provisional warrants for

## CONSTITUTING A NEW LODGE. 127

the formation of new lodges within their respective districts upon the petition of any seven regularly registered masons, who shall have fully complied with the rules and regulations in force relating to the constituting new lodges. The authority when given to continue during the pleasure of the grand master.

Whenever such provisional warrant shall have been granted, the master of the new lodge shall, within one month, apply by petition to the grand master for a regular warrant of constitution ; and upon receipt of such petition, which must state the fact that a provisional warrant has been granted and be countersigned by the district grand master, a regular warrant shall be issued.

The following is the form of petition :

“To the M. W. Grand Master of the United Fraternity of Antient Free and Accepted Masons of England :

“We, the undersigned, being regular registered masons of the lodges mentioned against our respective names, having the prosperity of the craft at heart, are anxious to exert our best endeavours to promote and diffuse the genuine principles of the art ; and, for the conveniency of our respective dwellings and other good reasons, we are desirous of forming a new lodge, to be named *The b-campbells* In consequence

*James Valley*

## 128 CONSTITUTING A NEW LODGE.

of this desire, we pray for a warrant of constitution, empowering us to meet as a regular lodge, at on the of every month, and there to discharge the duties of masonry, in a constitutional manner, according to the forms of the order and the laws of the grand lodge ; and we have nominated and do recommend brother [A.B.] to be the first master, brother [C.D.] to be the first senior warden, and brother [E.F.] to be the first junior warden, of the said lodge. The prayer of this petition being granted, we promise strict obedience to the commands of the grand master and the laws and regulations of the grand lodge.”

In order to avoid irregularities, every new lodge should be solemnly constituted by the grand master, with his deputy and wardens; or, in the absence of the grand master, by his deputy, who shall choose some master of a lodge to assist him. If the deputy be absent, the grand master may appoint some other grand officer or master of a lodge to act as deputy pro tempore.

The following is the manner of constituting a new lodge, according to the antient usage of masons.

A lodge is duly formed ; and, after prayer, an ode in honour of masonry is sung. The grand master is then informed, by the secretary, that the brethren present desire to be formed into a

## CONSTITUTING A NEW LODGE. 129

new lodge, &c., &c. The petition, the dispensation, and the warrant or charter of constitution, are now read. The minutes of the lodge, while under dispensation, are likewise read ; and, being approved, are declared regular and valid, and signed by the grand master. The grand master then inquires if the brethren approve of the officers who are nominated in the warrant to preside over them. This being signified in masonic form, an oration on the nature and design of the institution is delivered. The lodge is then consecrated according to ceremonies proper and usual on those occasions, but not proper to be written, and the grand master constitutes the lodge in antient form.

The new master and wardens being yet among the brethren, the grand master asks his deputy if he hath examined them, and found the candidate master well skilled in the noble science, and duly instructed in our mysteries, &c. The deputy answering in the affirmative, he shall (by the grand master's order) present him to the grand master, saying, "most worshipful grand master, I present this my worthy brother to be installed master of the lodge, whom I know to be of good morals and great skill, true and trusty, and a lover of the whole fraternity, wheresoever dispersed over the face of the earth."

Then the grand master, placing the candidate

## 130 CONSTITUTING A NEW LODGE.

on his left hand, and having asked and obtained the unanimous consent of all the brethren, shall say : " I appoint you the master of this lodge, not doubting your capacity and care to preserve the cement of the lodge," &c., with some other expressions that are proper and usual on that occasion, but not to be written.

Upon this, the deputy shall rehearse the charges and regulations of a master, and the grand master shall ask the candidate, " Do you submit to these charges and promise to uphold these regulations, as masters have done in all ages ? " The candidate signifying his submission thereunto, the grand master shall install him, and present him with the warrant of constitution, the lodge-book, and the instruments of his office, one after another ; and, after each of them, the grand master, or his deputy, shall deliver the charge that is suitable.

After this, the members of this new lodge, bowing altogether to the grand master, shall return him thanks, and immediately do their homage to their new master, and signify their promise of subjection and obedience to him, by the usual congratulation.

The deputy and the grand wardens, and any other brethren present, that are not members of the new lodge, shall next congratulate the new master ; and he shall return his becoming

## CONSTITUTING A NEW LODGE. 131

acknowledgments to the grand master first, and to the rest in their order.

Then the grand master desires the new master to enter immediately upon the exercise of his office, in choosing his wardens : and the new master, calling forth the two brothers, presents them to the grand master for his approbation, and to the new lodge; for their consent. That being granted, the senior or junior grand warden, or some brother for him, shall rehearse the charges of wardens ; and the candidates being solemnly asked by the new master, shall signify their submission thereunto.

Upon which, the new master, presenting them with the instruments of their office, shall, in due form install them in their proper places ; and the brethren shall signify their obedience to the new wardens, by the usual congratulation. The other officers of the lodge are then appointed, and invested in antient form.

The lodge, being thus completely constituted, shall be registered in the grand master's book, and by his order notified to the other lodges.

*Of PUBLIC CEREMONIES.**Ceremony of laying a Foundation-Stone, &c., by  
the M. W. Grand Master.*

THE grand lodge having been opened at a convenient place, and the necessary directions and instructions given, it is adjourned; (the brethren being in their proper clothing and jewels, and wearing white gloves) and the procession moves in the following order, viz :

Two tylers, with drawn swords.

Music.

Brethren, not members of any lodge, two and two.

The lodges according to their numbers,

Juniors going first.

Past grand stewards, not being members of grand stewards' lodge.

Members of grand stewards' lodge.

Officers of grand stewards' lodge.

Architect, or builder, with the plans.

Grand Steward A cornucopia with corn, borne  
by the master of a lodge. Two ewers with wine and  
oil, borne by masters of  
lodges. Grand Steward

Assistant grand pursuivant.

Grand pursuivant.

Grand organist.

Assistant grand director of ceremonies.

Grand director of ceremonies.

Grand superintendent of works, with the plate  
bearing the inscription.

Past grand sword bearers.

Past grand deacons.

Grand secretary, with book of constitutions, on  
a cushion.

President of the board of general purposes.

Past grand registrars.

Grand registrar, with his bag.

Grand treasurer bearing a phial containing the  
coin to be deposited in the stone.

Past grand wardens.

Past provincial grand masters.

Provincial grand masters.

Past deputy grand masters.

Visitors of distinction.

The Corinthian light, borne by the master of a  
lodge.

The column of junior grand warden borne by  
the master of a lodge.

The junior grand warden with the plumb rule.

Grand { Banner of the grand } Grand  
steward. { lodge. } steward.

The Doric light, borne by the master of a lodge.

The column of senior grand warden borne by the  
master of a lodge.

The senior grand warden with the level.

The junior grand deacons.

Grand { The grand chaplain, bearing } grand steward. { the sacred law on a cushion. } steward.

Deputy grand master, with square.

The Ionic light, borne by the master of a lodge.

The pro grand master.

A past grand master, or other brother of emi-  
nence, bearing the mallet.

Grand { The standard of the } Grand  
steward. { grand master. } steward.

Grand sword bearer.

The most worshipful grand master.

The senior grand deacons.

Two grand stewards.

Grand tyler.

Having arrived within a proper distance of the spot, the procession halts, the brethren open to the right and left and face inwards, so as to leave room for the grand master to pass up the centre, he being preceded by his standard and sword bearer, the grand officers and brethren following in succession from the rear, so as to invert the order of procession. The grand master having arrived at his station, on a platform, an ode is sung or music played (as previously arranged). The stone being prepared and the plate with the proper inscription, the upper part of the stone is raised by an engine, the grand chaplain repeats a prayer. The inscription on the plate to be deposited in the stone will then

be read, and the grand treasurer having by the grand master's command, deposited in the cavity various coins of the present reign, the cement is laid on the lower stone, and the upper one is let down slowly, solemn music playing. Being properly placed, the grand master descends to the stone, proves that it is properly adjusted by the plumb rule, level, and square, which are successively delivered to him, by the junior grand warden, senior grand warden, and deputy grand master ; after which, the architect or builder delivers to him the mallet, with which the grand master gives three knocks. The grand master then delivers to the architect or builder the several implements for his use. The plan and elevation of the building are presented by the grand superintendent of the works, to the grand master, for his inspection, who, having approved them, delivers them to the architect, for his guidance. The grand master re-ascends the platform, music playing. An oration, suitable to the occasion, is delivered. Some money for the workmen is placed on the stone by the grand treasurer.

If the building be for a charitable institution, a voluntary subscription is made in aid of its funds.

The procession then returns to the place from which it set out, and the lodge is closed.

*Of MASONIC FUNERALS.*

No mason can be interred with the formalities of the order, unless it be at his own special request, nor unless he has been advanced to the degree of a master mason. When the wish of the deceased shall have been communicated to the master of the lodge of which he died a member, the master may apply to the grand master or provincial grand master for a dispensation.

A dispensation having been obtained, the master may invite other lodges to attend in form, but the whole ceremony, unless the grand master or his deputy, or the provincial grand master or his deputy, be present, must be under the direction of the master of the lodge to which the deceased belonged ; and he is accountable for the regularity and conduct of the whole proceedings.

The lodges rank according to seniority, the junior preceding (except the lodge to which the deceased belonged, which in every case is to go the last), and each lodge forms one division.

*Instructions for applying for  
CENTENARY JEWELS.*

APPLICATION for permission to wear a Centenary Jewel is to be by petition or memorial to the grand master, in which memorial or petition the necessary particulars as to the origin of the lodge are to be given ; as well as proof of its uninterrupted existence for one hundred years.

When permission has been granted to a lodge to wear a Centenary Jewel, the privilege of wearing the Jewel is restricted to actual *bond fide* subscribing members, being master masons ; and for so long only as they shall pay the stipulated subscription to the lodge and be returned to the grand lodge of England.

The design for a Centenary Jewel has been approved by the grand master (*see plate 13*). The fee for a warrant, authorizing a lodge to wear the Jewel, is five guineas.

The price of each Jewel, which can be obtained only at the office of the grand secretary, will be as follows :—

	<i>f s. d.</i>
18 carat gold, hall-marked.....	3 15 0
Silver gilt        , , .....	1 6 0



## I N D E X.

	PAGE
<b>Accounts of grand lodge .....</b>	<b>35, 110</b>
provincial grand lodges .....	54
private lodges.....	66
<b>Act of union (1813) declares of what degrees antient</b>	
masonry consists .....	16
<b>Admission of members to the grand lodge .....</b>	<b>21</b>
in private lodges.....	79, 82 to 87
<b>Admonition of offending lodge or brother.....</b>	<b>46, 71, 82, 109</b>
brother in private lodge.....	67
<b>Age at which a man may be made a mason .....</b>	<b>84</b>
<b>Ample form, when grand lodge declared to be opened in ....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Antient charges, summary of, to be read on installation of</b>	
master .....	vi
of God and religion.....	3
the civil magistrate.....	4
lodges .....	5
masters, wardens, fellows, and apprentices .....	6
the management of the craft in working.....	8
behaviour, viz. :	
in lodge while constituted .....	10
after lodge, brethren not being gone	
when brethren meet without strangers, but not in lodge.....	11
in presence of strangers, not masons	
at home and in the neighbourhood	
towards a strange brother .....	13
<b>Antient masonry, of what degrees it consists.....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Appeal to grand lodge or grand master .....</b>	<b>47, 57, 81, 95, 109</b>
<b>Applications to grand master, how to be made .....</b>	<b>32</b>
for warrant to hold new lodge .....	126
relief from fund of benevolence .....	101
grand lodge certificate .....	89 to 91
<b>Appointments and names of masters and wardens until</b>	
duly transmitted to the grand secretary's office, such	
masters and wardens cannot attend grand lodge .....	19, 69
<b>Aprons .....</b>	<b>123</b>
<b>Assistant grand director of ceremonies .....</b>	<b>39</b>
<b>Ballot for initiation or admission .....</b>	<b>83, 85</b>
who may be admitted as members of a lodge without .....	65
members of board of general purposes.....	107
<b>Benevolence, fund of, <i>see</i> Fund of masonic benevolence .....</b>	<b>96</b>

## INDEX.

	PAGE
Benevolence, board, committee, or lodge of, <i>see same</i> .....	96
provincial fund of, regulations as to.....	53
Board of general purposes, of whom consists.....	107
president and ten other members to be no- minated by grand master .....	107
fourteen other members to be elected by grand lodge .....	107
not more than seven past masters to be elected .....	107
master and past master, or more than one past master of same lodge not to be elected on same board .....	107
vice-president to be elected by board .....	107
mode of election of the fourteen members vacancy caused by death or removal how to be filled up .....	108
who to preside in absence of president and vice-president .....	109
when to meet .....	109
how many constitute a quorum, and how questions are to be decided .....	109
authority of .....	109
has charge of finances.....	110
may inspect books, summon officers, and give orders .....	110
to examine demands on grand lodge, and if correct, order their discharge .....	110
to balance quarterly accounts, to be printed and transmitted to lodges .....	110
to investigate yearly accounts, prepare them for the auditor, and state the amounts of receipts, expenditure, and property abstract of report of, to be transmitted to lodges .....	111
may appoint sub-committees.....	111
may summon lodge or master to attend and produce warrant, &c., and consequence of contumacy .....	111
recommendations, &c., to be in writing and signed .....	112
on what occasions, members of, to be in masonic clothing .....	112
how to proceed in cases requiring admo- nition, fine, or suspension .....	112
in case of a complaint affecting a member or his lodge, he is to withdraw .....	112
has the direction as to buildings, &c., and as to arrangements, for meetings &c., ...	112
to regulate concerns, including finance, and conduct correspondence .....	113
may recommend measures to grand lodge, and originate plans.....	113

# INDEX.

141

	<b>PAGE</b>
<b>Board of general purposes, <i>continued</i></b>	
all communications from, to be in writing	113
to consider first, business referred to it by	
grand master or grand lodge.....	114
resolutions and transactions of, to be entered	
in minute-book.....	114
<b>Book in grand secretary's office, masters and wardens</b>	
in London district must sign within one month after	
appointment.....	78
<b>Books to be kept by lodges</b>	63, 66
of lodges to be produced when required by masonic	
authority .....	69
<b>Business, paper of, to be given to every member of grand</b>	
lodge on his entrance into the hall.....	22
brethren may have such on payment of	
five shillings per annum.....	22
<b>By-laws, power of provincial grand lodges to make</b>	52
private lodges .....	63
master to pledge himself to, on installation .....	63
every member to sign.....	63
<b>Candidates, qualifications of, for initiation.....</b>	84
declaration to be signed by .....	85
promise to be made by, on initiation .....	85
member proposing responsible for fees of .....	86
<b>Casting vote, when may be given.....</b>	62
<b>Centenary Jewel, how to apply for.....</b>	137
<b>Ceremonies, grand director and grand assistant director of</b>	39, 40
<b>Ceremonies, master of private lodges .....</b>	61
<b>Ceremony of constituting a new lodge</b>	126
laying a foundation stone .....	132
<b>Certificate, grand lodge, every brother registered to be</b>	
furnished with.....	67, 89
regulations respecting blank, for-	
warded to the colonies .....	60
issued to district grand mas-	
ters abroad must be counter-	
signed and have district grand	
lodge seal attached .....	60
what shall be paid for, and when	
to be remitted .....	89, 117
must be signed by brother re-	
ceiving .....	90
who excluded from receiving .....	90
what the document on which it is	
granted must state .....	90
applications for, how made .....	90
exceptions in the British colonies	
and settlements .....	90
may be exchanged without fur-	
ther expense, when higher de-	
gree attained .....	91

	PAGE
Certificate, grand lodge, of brother whose widow or children apply for relief, regulations as to.....	103
of visit to petitioner for relief.....	102, 106
of private lodge, for what purposes only to be granted .....	81, 83, 90, 91
for what purpose may not be given .....	67
no charge to be made for.....	91
what, to be produced before ballot for new member .....	83
Chair of grand lodge, regulations as to .....	23
Chaplain, grand .....	34
of private lodge .....	61
Charges, antient, <i>see</i> Antient Charges.....	3
of private lodges .....	61
Charity, general fund of, qualifications to participate in .....	53, 96
all fines to be applied to.....	71, 82
Clandestine initiations and lodges .....	79
Clerks of grand secretary, regulations as to .....	37
Clothing and insignia, masonic, <i>see</i> Regalia .....	118
Colonies and foreign parts, district grand lodges in .....	55
Colonial board, of whom consists.....	114
how to be nominated and elected.....	114
three members, if practicable, to be past masters of colonial lodges .....	114
powers of .....	115
constitution of, seven to be elected by grand lodge, three to be nominated by grand master .....	114
chairman, and vice-chairman, by whom appointed .....	114
when to meet .....	114
quorum, how many constitute .....	114
communications from the colonies to be submitted .....	115
Committee of grand lodge, or general committee, of whom consists .....	20
when held, its duties and regulations .....	20, 21
who may attend in the absence of the master of lodge .....	21
Committee of benevolence, <i>see</i> Fund of masonic benevolence .....	96
Communications, grand lodge or quarterly, when held .....	19
Complaints, masonic, how to be preferred.....	25, 46, 81, 109
in provinces to be heard by provincial grand master.....	46
authority of board of general purposes as to .....	109
Constituting a new lodge, petition for .....	127

## INDEX.

143

	<b>PAGE</b>
Constituting a new lodge, ceremony of .....	126
Constitution or warrant of lodge not to be sold.....	70
Contributions and payment .....	115
to fund of benevolence, by members of lodges within the London district .....	96
country and military lodges .....	96
to fund of general purposes, by grand officers .....	115
provincial grand masters .....	116
Contumacy, consequences of, on summons.....31, 47, 71,	111
Country lodges, what are to be considered as .....	72
under whose superintendence, and to whom to apply.....	72
subject to grand registrar, when appointed to take charge of province .....	36
masters, past masters, and wardens of, to attend provincial grand lodge .....	73
to make returns to provincial grand master, &c. .....	73
rank, numbers, and seniority of .....	73
removal of, regulations as to.....	74, 92
regulations as to, where no provincial grand master nor any brother em- powered to perform his functions.....	74
Customs and usages, uniformity in, to be preserved.....	67
Deacons, grand .....	38
qualification for the office of.....	38
Declaration to be signed by candidates .....	85
Degrees in masonry, interval of time in taking.....	86
exceptions .....	56
Deputy grand master .....	33
provincial grand master .....	50
master of lodge, where a prince of the blood royal is master.....	61
Differences among members of lodges, how to be ad- justed .....	81
Director of ceremonies, grand, and assistant .....	39, 40
Dispensation or licence.....50, 56, 62, 67, 75, 77, 83, 84, 86, 93, 94, 136	94, 136
Dispensations, fees to be paid for .....	116
for non-residence of provincial grand officers.....	50
for the master of a lodge to continue more than two years in succession .....	77
for the master of a tavern to hold office ....	62
for a brother to be master of two lodges at the same time .....	62
to initiate a minor.....	84
to initiate a tyler or serving brother.....	87

## INDEX.

	PAGE
Dissolution of lodge, warrant of lodge to be delivered up, on .....	70
District grand lodges, nature and powers of .....	55
may appoint committees to investigate and decide on matters relating to lodges and masons in their respective districts .....	55
proceedings to be governed by the book of constitutions .....	56
powers to be similar to those of the board of general purposes .....	56
appeal lies to grand master from decisions of .....	57
may make rules for their own guidance, &c., but such rules not valid till approved by the grand master of England .....	57
may fix stated times for meetings not to be closed on the death, resignation, &c., of district grand master who to assume the functions .....	58
may require payment to local fund of fees larger than are allowed in England .....	58, 59
regulations as to fixing such fees .....	58
District grand master to be appointed by grand master .....	45
in case of death or removal of, who to act .....	58
personally responsible for remittances of dues to grand lodge when returns made to him .....	60
may grant provisional warrants for new lodges .....	126
Due form, when grand lodge declared to be opened in .....	23
provincial grand lodge .....	52
Emergency, grand lodge of .....	22
provincial grand lodge of .....	48
private lodge of .....	64
for admission of candidates .....	83
Erasure of lodges .....	25
in provinces .....	46
in colonies or foreign parts .....	55
Examination for advancement .....	86
Exclusion of members .....	32, 46, 67, 68, 80, 81
Expulsion of brethren .....	24, 80
in provinces .....	46
in colonies or foreign parts .....	55
Fees on appointment of grand officers .....	115
provincial grand master's patent .....	115
registering deputy provincial grand master's name .....	116

# INDEX.

145

	PAGE
Fees on provincial grand officers non-resident .....	50, 116
granting new warrant.....	116
warrant of confirmation .....	116
grand lodge certificates .....	117
initiation .....	86
registry of masons made in London district .....	117
appointment of country or military lodges.....	117
colonial or foreign .....	117
members joining lodges in London district.....	117
country, or military lodges .....	117
from foreign grand lodges .....	117
colonial or foreign .....	117
dispensations .....	50, 116
Festival, grand.....	23
Finances of grand lodge are under charge of board of general purposes .....	110
Fines on offending lodges or brethren .....	46, 71, 82, 109
to be applied to the general charity .....	71, 82
Foreign lodges, when and how brethren of, may be relieved .....	101
parts, district grand lodges in .....	55
Form, when grand lodge declared to be opened in "ample form," "due form," or "in form" only .....	23
when provincial grand lodge declared to be opened in "due form," or "in form" only .....	52
Foundation stone, ceremony of laying, by grand master ....	132
Fund for general purposes, payments towards, <i>see Contributions and Fees</i> .....	115
Fund of masonic benevolence, solely devoted to charity ....	96
when and how distributed .....	96
lodge or committee of, laws and regulations of .....	96
when holden, and of whom consists .....	96
president and vice-presidents, and their duty .....	96, 105
members of, not to be solicited, and penalty on transgression .....	98
cases, on which particular members are not to vote .....	98
no master to be member of, if his lodge be twelve months in arrear .....	99
applications for relief, how made .....	101
what recommendation necessary, and who must attend thereon .....	102
a certificate of visit must accompany the petition .....	102, 106
the brother attending to speak to a London case must have visited the petitioner .....	102
form of recommendation .....	105
who may be relieved .....	99, 100, 101
regulations as to secretaries of lodges, exempted from subscription .....	99

## INDEX.

	PAGE
<b>Fund of masonic benevolence, <i>continued</i>—</b>	
regulations as to serving brethren .....	86, 87, 100
when a brother may be relieved, though not registered .....	100
petition must be left with grand secretary at least three days previously .....	103
petitioner must attend, except in certain specified cases .....	103
brother relieved not to petition a second time within one year .....	103
a widow cannot be relieved a second time .....	103
to what amount committee may relieve a brother .....	103, 104
and under what circumstances committee may relieve widow or children of a brother .....	100
regulations as to petition of widow or children of a brother .....	103
cases of extraordinary distress may be referred for larger grants .....	104
when brethren of Scotch, Irish, and foreign grand lodges may be relieved .....	101
laws and regulations are to be read quarterly .....	105
payment towards .....	96
provincial regulations as to .....	53
district .....	58
<b>Funerals, masonic .....</b>	<b>136</b>
<b>Furniture of lodges.....</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>General charity, <i>see</i> Charity and Fund of masonic benevolence .....</b>	<b>96</b>
<b>General committee, <i>see</i> Committee of grand lodge .....</b>	<b>20, 21</b>
purposes, board of, <i>see</i> Board of general purposes fund of, payments towards, <i>see</i> Contributions and Fees .....	106
<b>Grand festival, regulations as to .....</b>	<b>115</b>
lodge, members of, and their rank in order .....	23
past masters, when and how long members of .....	16
honorary members of .....	18
no member of, to attend without proper jewel and clothing .....	18
consequences of lodge neglecting to make returns and payments to .....	19
master, past master, and warden of lodge not allowed to attend until his name and appointment be transmitted to grand secretary's office .....	19, 69, 78
no brother to hold more than one office in, at the same time .....	19
times of meeting .....	19
general committee, previous to, and notices to be given there.....	20, 21

# INDEX.

147

	PAGE
<b>Grand lodge, <i>continued</i>—</b>	
porch of, who to attend in, and preside at	21
of emergency, when and how convened .....	22
festival .....	23
erasure of lodge, and expulsion of brother by	25
jurisdiction of, over complaints and differ-	
ences .....	25
as to language of memorial, &c., to .....	25
regulations for the government of, during	
business .....	26
certificates, <i>see</i> Certificates .....	67, 89, 117
grant of money .....	27
officers, <i>viz.</i> ,	
grand master .....	29
pro grand master.....	29
deputy grand master .....	33
provincial or district grand master .....	45
grand wardens .....	33
grand wardens, fine for non-attendance .....	34
chaplains .....	34
treasurer .....	34
registrar .....	35
president of the board of general purposes...	36
secretary .....	37
deacons .....	38
fine for non-attendance .....	38
superintendent of works.....	39
director of ceremonies.....	39
assistant director of ceremonies.....	39
sword bearer.....	39
fine for non-attendance .....	40
organist .....	39
pursuivant .....	39
jewels, insignia of .....	118
fees to be paid .....	115
standard-bearers .....	40
stewards, appointment and duties of .....	42
a lodge neglecting to make a return of, forfeits	
its privileges .....	43
accepting money, forfeit their rank, and the	
lodge its privilege of nomination .....	43
fine for not attending grand lodge .....	44
clothing and insignia of .....	42, 120
lodge .....	44
cannot make, pass, or raise masons .....	45
past, where to sit in grand lodge, if members...	44
collars and jewels of .....	122
tyler .....	41
Honorary jewels, regulations as to .....	68, 118
House, master of, at which lodge meets, regulations as to	62, 68
or place of meeting of lodge .....	64

## INDEX.

	PAGE
Improper matter in memorial, &c., to grand lodge, as to ...	25
Indecorous or offensive behaviour .....	27, 67
Initiation, qualifications for, and declaration to be signed	
before .....	83, 85
propositions and ballots for .....	83, 84
promises to be made by candidate .....	85
number of, in lodge allowed on same day .....	86
fees on .....	86
in military lodges .....	74
of military persons .....	75, 86
Insignia, masonic, and clothing, .....	118
Installation of grand master .....	29
deputy grand master .....	33
provincial or district grand master .....	45
master of lodge .....	62, 76
charges to be read on .....	vi
Instruction, lodges of, by what sanction or authority may be held .....	88
sanction of lodge may be withdrawn from, and how .....	88
lodge sanctioning and brethren to whom licence given responsible for proceedings of .....	88
notice of times and places of meeting in London district to be given to grand secretary .....	88
to keep minutes, and when they are to be produced .....	88
Ireland, brethren under constitution of, when may be relieved.....	101
Jewels and clothing, members of grand lodge not to attend without proper .....	18
none to be worn of degrees not recognized by the grand lodge .....	18, 68, 118
and furniture of lodges, regulations as to .....	68
of grand officers and past grand officers .....	118
provincial grand officers, present and past .....	120
grand stewards and provincial grand stewards .....	120, 121
centenary .....	137
honorary .....	68, 118
and clothing of officers of private lodges .....	121
Joining members, regulations as to .....	65, 81, 82, 85
Laws, power of enacting .....	24, 27, 52, 63
Lists, to be made and transmitted to grand secretary by lodges .....	69
Local country lodges .....	73
fund in provinces .....	53
colonies or foreign parts .....	58
Lodges in colonies and foreign parts, <i>see</i> District grand lodges .....	55

## INDEX.

149

	<b>PAGE</b>
<b>Lodges in the country .....</b>	<b>72</b>
of emergency, <i>see</i> Emergency.....	22, 48, 64, 83
grand .....	16
instruction .....	88
in London district .....	72
military .....	74
private, not to have a feast on day of grand festival.....	23
when the grand master is present.....	31
when the deputy grand master is present .....	33
not to contribute towards grand stewards' expenses .....	43
officers of .....	61
jewels and insignia of, 121, 123	
secretary of, exempt from subscription ...	99
when deputy master of, may be ap- pointed .....	61
qualification, election, and installation of master of .....	62, 76
what officers of, to be appointed by master .....	62
no brother to be master of more than one lodge at the same time .....	62
master of house where lodge held not to hold office without dispensation .....	62
powers of, to make and alter by-laws .....	63
by-laws of, to be written in books and signed, &c. .....	63
books to be kept of names of members, transactions, &c. .....	63
place and days of meeting of, regulations as to .....	64
when and how lodge of emergency may be called .....	64
when regularly removed, notice to be given, &c. .....	64, 93
until notice given, the officers not to attend the grand lodge, &c. .....	69, 70
precedence of, and as to regular constitu- tion and registry of .....	64, 73
name and title of .....	65
not to admit members, nor to initiate, &c., without strictly complying with the laws .....	82
nor under 21 years of age .....	84
nor to initiate more than five on same day without dispensation .....	86
nor to give more than one degree to a brother on same day .....	86
nor a higher degree in less than four weeks .....	86
exception to this rule in Districts abroad .....	55

## INDEX.

	PAGE
<b>Lodger, private, <i>continued</i>—</b>	
nor without examination in open lodge.....	86
regulations as to initiations in, of military persons .....	86
fees on initiation.....	86
exception in favour of serving brethren .....	87
must receive as member a brother ini- tiated in .....	65
must register names and make returns of members .....	66
provision in case of neglect to register, &c. .....	66
to procure for every brother initiated therein a grand lodge certificate .....	67
not to give a certificate to enable masons to proceed as paupers.....	67
not to form public masonic procession without licence .....	67
to preserve uniformity, and members of, to visit other lodges .....	67
fees, dues, moneys, and accounts of, regu- lations as to .....	66
regulations in case of brother misbehaving in .....	67
not to exclude member without due notice .....	68
jewels and furniture of, regulations as to .....	68
minutes, lists, and books of, to be pro- duced when duly required.....	69
majority of, may instruct representatives to grand lodge, and who are represen- tatives .....	69
to make returns and payments regularly, and consequences of neglect .....	69, 70
on dissolution of, warrant to be delivered up to grand master.....	70
warrant of, if sold or irregularly procured, forfeited .....	70
where majority of members of, withdraw, the constitution remains with the rest ; if all withdraw, the warrant extinct .....	71
transfer and forfeiture of warrants of.....	70
erasure of .....	25
in colonies and foreign parts.....	55
duty of, on summonses, and consequences on contumacy .....	31, 71, 111
offending, admonition, fine, or suspension of .....	31, 46, 71, 109
new, of constituting .....	126

# INDEX.

151

	PAGE
Lodges, provincial grand .....	52
removal of .....	47, 74, 92
London district, what lodges are within.....	72
lodges in, not to have feast on day of grand festival .....	23
 Making masons, general regulations as to .....	82
of military persons.....	75, 86
Masonic benevolence .....	96
clothing and regalia .....	118
festival, grand .....	23
funerals.....	136
processions .....	67, 93
Masonry, antient, of what degrees it consists .....	16
Masons offending against law .....	81
Master of lodge member of grand lodge.....	18
lodge of benevolence .....	96
general committee .....	20
(in provinces) member of provincial grand lodge .....	52, 73
unable to attend general committee, may appoint past master of his lodge to do so .....	21
cannot attend grand lodge until name, &c., transmitted.....	19, 69, 78
qualifications, elections, and installation of	62, 76
when entitled to give a casting vote .....	62
not of two lodges at the same time .....	62
what pledge he shall give, and how long remain in office .....	77
to visit other lodges .....	77
responsible for due observance of laws re- lating to private lodges .....	78
provision in case of death, removal, ab- sence, or incapacity to act, of .....	78
in London district, to sign book in grand secretary's office .....	78
to attend on due summons and produce warrant, &c. ....	31, 47, 78, 111
as representative in grand lodge, may be instructed by majority of lodge .....	69
what fees or dues are to be deposited in hands of .....	66
when and how may displace officers and nominate others .....	79
jewels and insignia of.....	118
Masters and wardens .....	76
Masters, wardens, and past masters of lodges neglecting to make returns cannot attend grand lodge, &c. ....	19, 69
Master of tavern or house where lodge held shall not have any lien on lodge property .....	68

	PAGE
<b>Master of lodge, <i>continued</i>—</b>	
nor hold office in such lodge without dispensation .....	62
<b>Meeting of lodge, place of.....</b>	64, 93
<b>Member of lodges, admission of .....</b>	79, 82, 85
who excluded from being .....	79
not to publish proceedings of a lodge, and penalty .....	80
excluded or withdrawing from lodge, eligibility of, to other lodges.....	81
brother initiated in lodge may become, without further ballot, if his wish be expressed on day of initiation .....	65
<b>Members of lodges, differences among or complaints of .....</b>	81
misbehaviour of .....	67, 82
exclusion of .....	67, 68
of grand lodge, who are.....	18
<b>Military lodges, regulations as to establishment of .....</b>	74
sojourners or inhabitants of places where members of one stationed, and non- military persons, not to be initiated in none below rank of corporal to be initiated save as serving brethren .....	75
conduct of, in foreign parts .....	75
regulations, when regiment or corps dis- banded .....	76
<b>Minors cannot be initiated except by dispensation .....</b>	84
<b>Minutes of provincial grand lodges to be kept, &amp;c. .....</b>	54
private lodges .....	63
<b>Misconduct of members.....</b>	67, 82
<b>Moneys of grand lodge, lodges withholding to be proceeded     against .....</b>	66, 100
<b>Moneys, <i>see</i> Lodges, private .....</b>	66
<b>Motion in grand lodge, notice to be given of .....</b>	20
for a grant of money .....	27
<b>Names and appointments of past masters and wardens,     return of, to grand lodge .....</b>	19, 69, 78
of members of private lodges to be entered in books, with details of age, &c. .....	63
of persons present in lodges not to be published without due authority .....	80
and titles of lodge, regulations as to .....	65
<b>Neglect of lodge to make due return, consequence of .....</b>	19, 70
<b>New lodge, how constituted .....</b>	126
<b>New warrant, fee for granting .....</b>	116
<b>Notice of motion in grand lodge, when and how given .....</b>	20
once given, if renewed at the general committee, to take precedence of new ones .....	21
to be given on removal of lodge .....	64, 93

## INDEX.

153

	<small>PAGE</small>
Offensive language in memorials, &c. ....	25
behaviour by members of lodges .....	67, 82
Offences of lodges and brethren, regulations as to 46, 71, 82, 109	
Officers, grand.....	16
may be sent by grand master to visit lodges.....	31
provincial grand .....	50
of private lodges .....	61, 62
election and appointment of .....	62, 76
how displaced .....	79
Order in which members of grand lodge rank .....	16
Organist, grand .....	39
Past grand officers, what, are members of grand lodge ....	16
jewels and insignia of .....	118, 124
provincial grand officers, what, members of provincial grand lodge .....	52
jewels and insignia of .....	120, 125
Past masters of lodges, members of grand lodge .....	18
how long they retain their privileges .....	18
if forfeited, how to be regained ....	18
cannot attend grand lodge until name, &c., transmitted .....	19, 69, 78
twelve, on lodge of benevolence ....	96
jewels and insignia of .....	121, 123
Petition for new lodge .....	127
regulations as to .....	127
to board of general purposes must be in writing and signed .....	112
for relief, what it must state.....	101
when to be left with grand secretary .....	103
Petitioner for relief, attendance of, when necessary .....	101
Place of meeting of lodge to be specified in by-laws.....	64
as to change of .....	64, 93
Precedence of members of grand lodge .....	16
private lodges .....	64
provincial lodges.....	73
lodges at masonic funerals.....	136
President of the board of general purposes .....	36
Prince of the blood royal, when grand master, may appoint	
pro grand master .....	29
when master of lodge, may appoint deputy master .....	61
Printing of proceedings of lodges without due authority, prohibited.....	80
Private lodges .....	61
Proceedings of lodges not to be printed without due authority .....	80
Procession .....	67, 93
Pro grand master .....	29
Proposing members, initiations, &c., regulations thereon....	82

## INDEX.

	PAGE
Protest, when may be entered in lodge-books .....	80
Provincial grand lodge, how and when assembled .....	48
how often to be held .....	48
how to be declared open .....	52
of whom consists .....	52
power of, to frame by-laws.....	52
may establish local fund of bene-	
volence .....	53
to elect treasurer annually .....	54
minutes of proceedings of, to be	
kept, &c. ....	54
ceases on death, suspension, or	
removal of provincial grand	
master.....	54
to enquire into matters referred	
to it by provincial grand master,	
but not to decide .....	55
fund of benevolence .....	53
accounts to be audited an-	
nually .....	54
grand master, appointment and installation	
of.....	45
grand registrar may be ap-	
pointed to act as .....	36
appointment of officers by .....	45
to preside in lodges in his pro-	
vince .....	46
to hear and determine masonic	
complaints therein .....	46
power of, to admonish, fine,	
suspend, &c. .....	46
provision for case of neglect of,	
to proceed on business.....	47
powers of, to summon lodges	
and brethren, &c. ....	47
to hold provincial grand	
lodges .....	48
to communicate with grand	
lodge .....	48
to forward summary of the	
minutes of every provincial	
grand lodge .....	48
to forward the names and	
numbers of the lodges of	
brethren appointed to office	
may appoint a deputy .....	49
to transmit the name, &c., of	
deputy to lodges and grand	
secretary.....	49
responsible for proceedings of	
provincial grand lodge—to	
cause minutes to be kept ...	49

## INDEX.

155

	PAGE
Provincial grand master fees on patent of, and contribution by on appointment .....	116
deputy, qualifications, appointments, rank and duties of ....	49, 50
fee on appointment .....	116
wardens and subordinate provincial grand officers .....	50
fees payable by, for non-residence.....	50, 116
officers, past and present, jewels, and insignia of .....	120, 125
not members of the grand lodge .....	51
take no rank out of their district .....	51
non-resident to pay a fee .....	50
stewards .....	51
number of, that may be appointed .....	46
jewels and insignia of .....	121, 124
lodges not to be removed from one town to another without the concurrence of the grand master.....	74, 93
not to be removed into another province without the consent of the grand master .....	74, 93
Publication of proceedings of lodges without due authority, prohibited.....	80
Public business, regulations for government of grand lodge during.....	26
ceremonies, manner of, in laying foundation stone .....	132
house where lodge held, <i>see</i> Master of tavern .....	62, 68
masonic procession, without due licence, prohibited .....	67, 93
lodges and masons attending, without due permission, penalties on.....	94
tylers, the like .....	94
Pure antient masonry, of what degrees it consists.....	16
Pursuivant, grand .....	39
Quarterly communications, grand lodges for, when held ....	19
Recommendation to board of general purposes, to be in writing and signed .....	112
form of, for relief.....	105
Regalia .....	118
Registrar, grand .....	35

## INDEX.

	PAGE
Registration.....	64, 65, 115
of brother, where neglected by lodge, provision for .....	66, 100
fee on initiation .....	117
masons made in colonial and foreign lodges .....	117
of deputy provincial grand master.....	116
Regulation for government of the craft .....	16
grand lodge during business .....	26
on admission of candidates and members .....	82
Relief, who may receive, from fund of benevolence .....	96
applications for .....	101
Removal of grand officers .....	31
officers of private lodges.....	79
lodges .....	47, 64, 74, 92
Representation to board of general purposes to be in writing and signed .....	112
Resignation of members.....	18, 81
Restoring brethren.....	32, 47
Representatives in sister grand lodges.....	30
from sister grand lodges.....	30
of lodges in grand lodge, who are.....	69
Returns and payments to grand lodge .....	18, 19, 69
may be made to the district grand master by lodges in the colonies and foreign parts .....	59, 60
when so made, a duplicate of return to be sent to the grand secretary in London .....	60
to be made of names and appointments of masters, past masters, and wardens.....	19, 69, 78
Sanction of book of constitutions.....	v
to lodges of instruction may be withdrawn and how .....	88
Scotland, when a brother under constitution of, may be relieved.....	101
Scrutineers on ballot for board of general purposes .....	108
Seals of grand lodge .....	35, 37
Secretary, grand .....	37
Secretaries of lodges .....	61, 99
Serving brethren, initiation of .....	86
not to be members of lodge in which initiated.....	86
how may become entitled to relief .....	87, 100
Sister grand lodge representative in .....	30
as to brethren deputed from a .....	30
Soldiers .....	74
Standard bearers.....	40
Stewards, grand .....	42

## INDEX.

157

	PAGE
Stewards, grand provincial .....	45, 51
Sub-committees of board of general purposes.....	111
Summary of antient charges.....	vi
Summons to lodge or brother to attend grand master or grand lodge .....	25, 31
Summons to lodge or brother to attend board of general purposes .....	111
Superintendent, grand, of works .....	47
Suspension of lodges.....	39
brethren .....	31, 46, 47, 80, 109, 111
Sword bearer, grand .....	39
Tavern or house where lodge held, master of, <i>see</i> Master of tavern .....	62, 68
Title and name of lodge .....	65
Transactions of lodges, proper to be written, to be entered in books .....	63
not to be published without due authority .....	80
Transfer of warrants .....	70
Treasurer, grand.....	34
provincial grand .....	51, 54
of private lodge .....	61, 62, 66
Tyler, grand, nomination, qualifications, duties and restrictions of .....	41
of private lodge.....	62, 86, 87, 94, 100
dispensation to initiate .....	87
Uniformity in working to be observed .....	67
Visitors in grand lodge .....	19
private lodges .....	89
who excluded from being .....	79, 89
when and how admitted .....	89
must while in lodge conform to its by-laws .....	89
restrictions on brethren who are not sub- scribing members of any lodge .....	89
of known bad character may be refused ad- mission .....	89
Wardens of grand lodge .....	29, 33, 115
insignia and jewels of .....	119, 124
provincial grand lodge .....	50
insignia and jewels of .....	120, 125
private lodge .....	61, 76
insignia and jewels of .....	122
cannot attend grand lodge until name, &c., trans- mitted .....	19, 69, 78

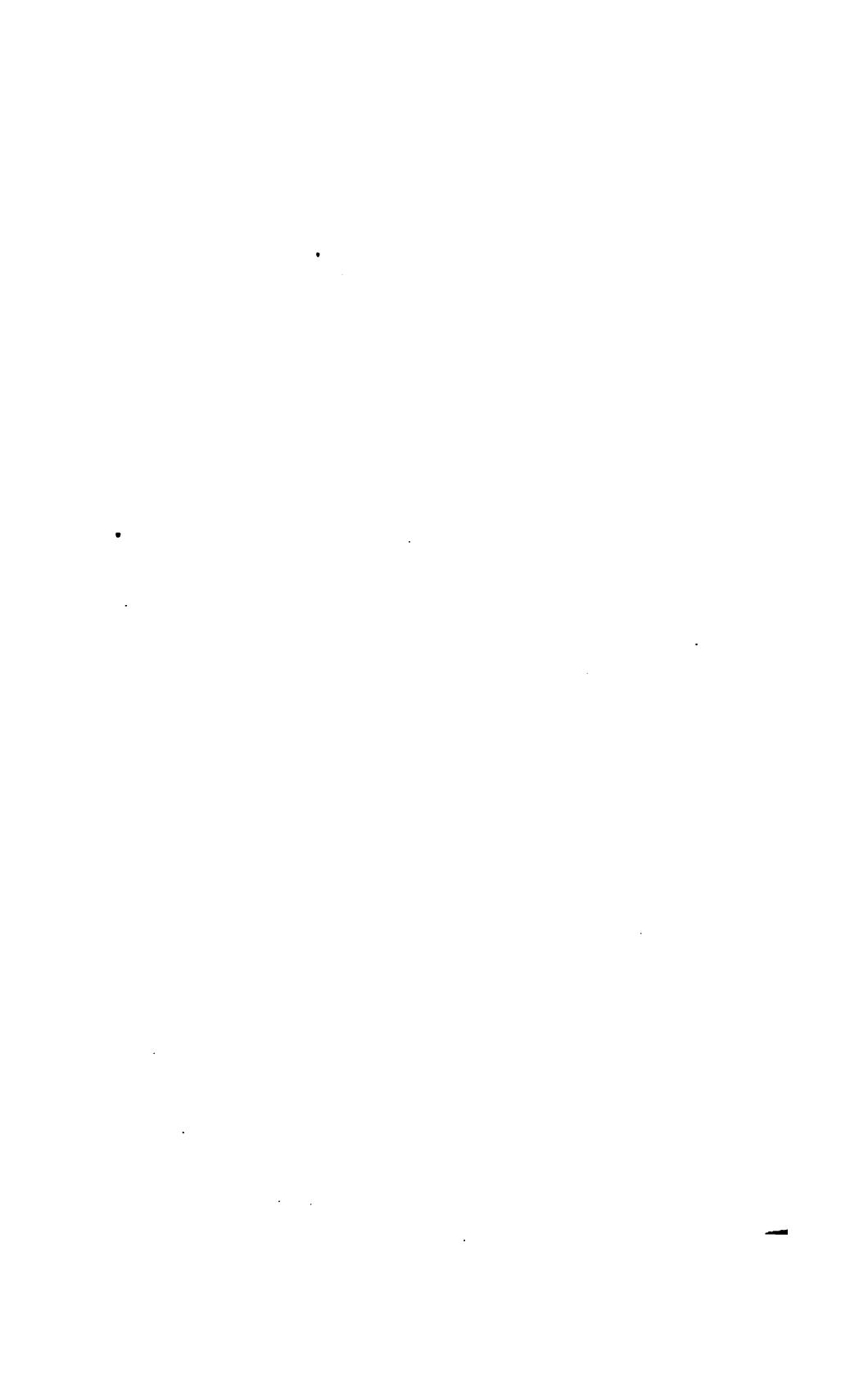
## INDEX.

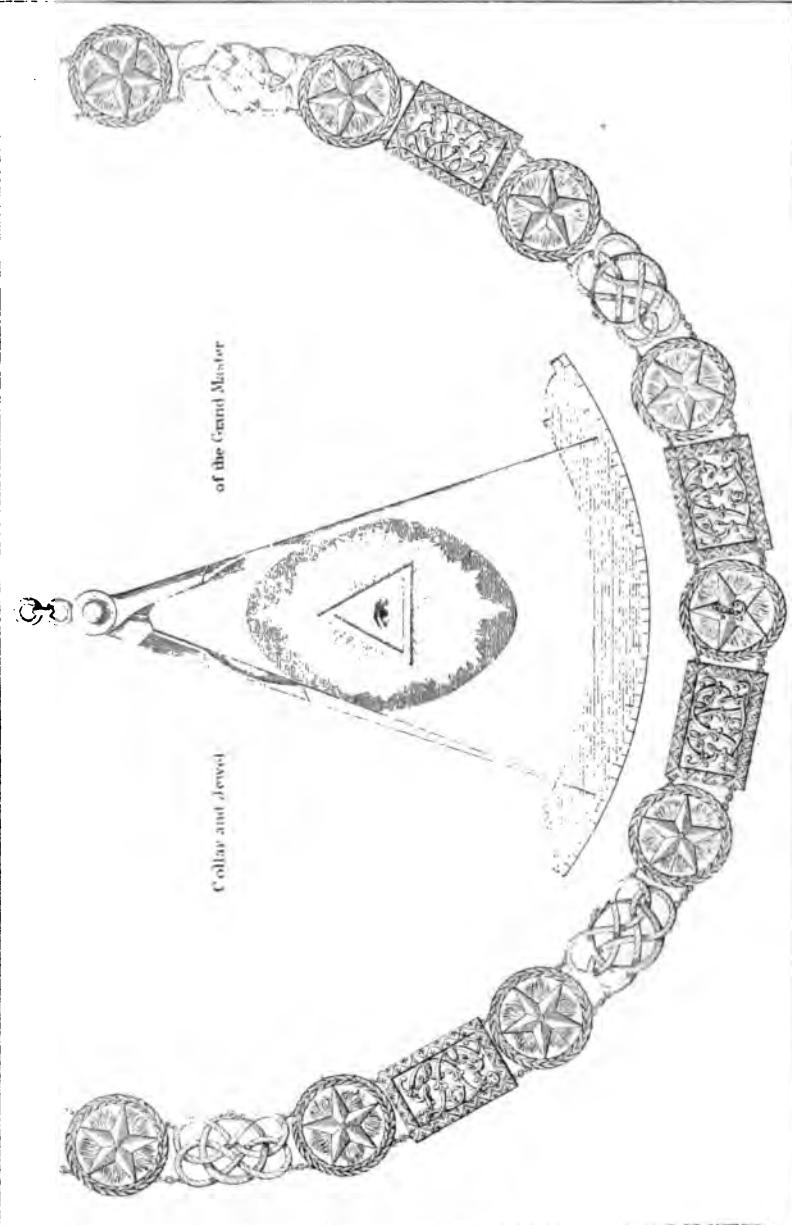
	PAGE
Warrants and books of lodge, when to be produced ...	31, 47, 111
transfer of .....	70
not to be sold .....	70
applications for, to hold new lodges.....	126
of confirmation .....	116
provisional, may be granted by district	
grand master .....	126
Works, grand superintendent of .....	39

END.





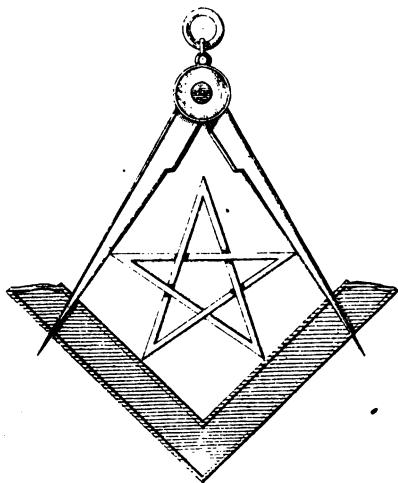




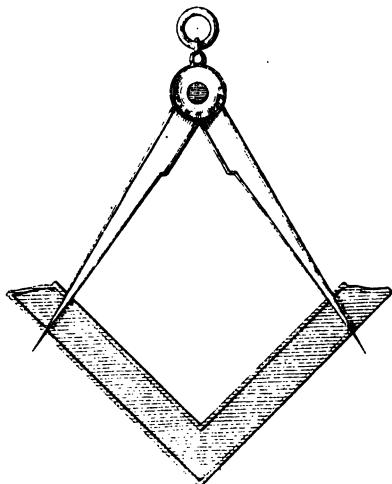
of the Central Master

Collar and Jewel

The chains are all of the same pattern. The number of the stars only distinguishes the Rank; thus The Grand Master has 9 stars. The Deputy Grand Master & Provincial Grand Master 7 The Grand Hierarch 5 The rest of the Grand Officers 3 stars.



Deputy Grand Master.



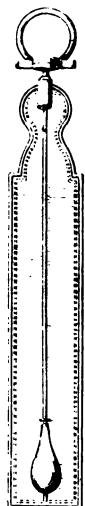
Past Deputy Grand Master.



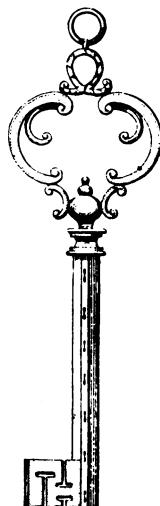




Senior Grand Warden.



Junior Grand Warden.



Grand Treasurer.

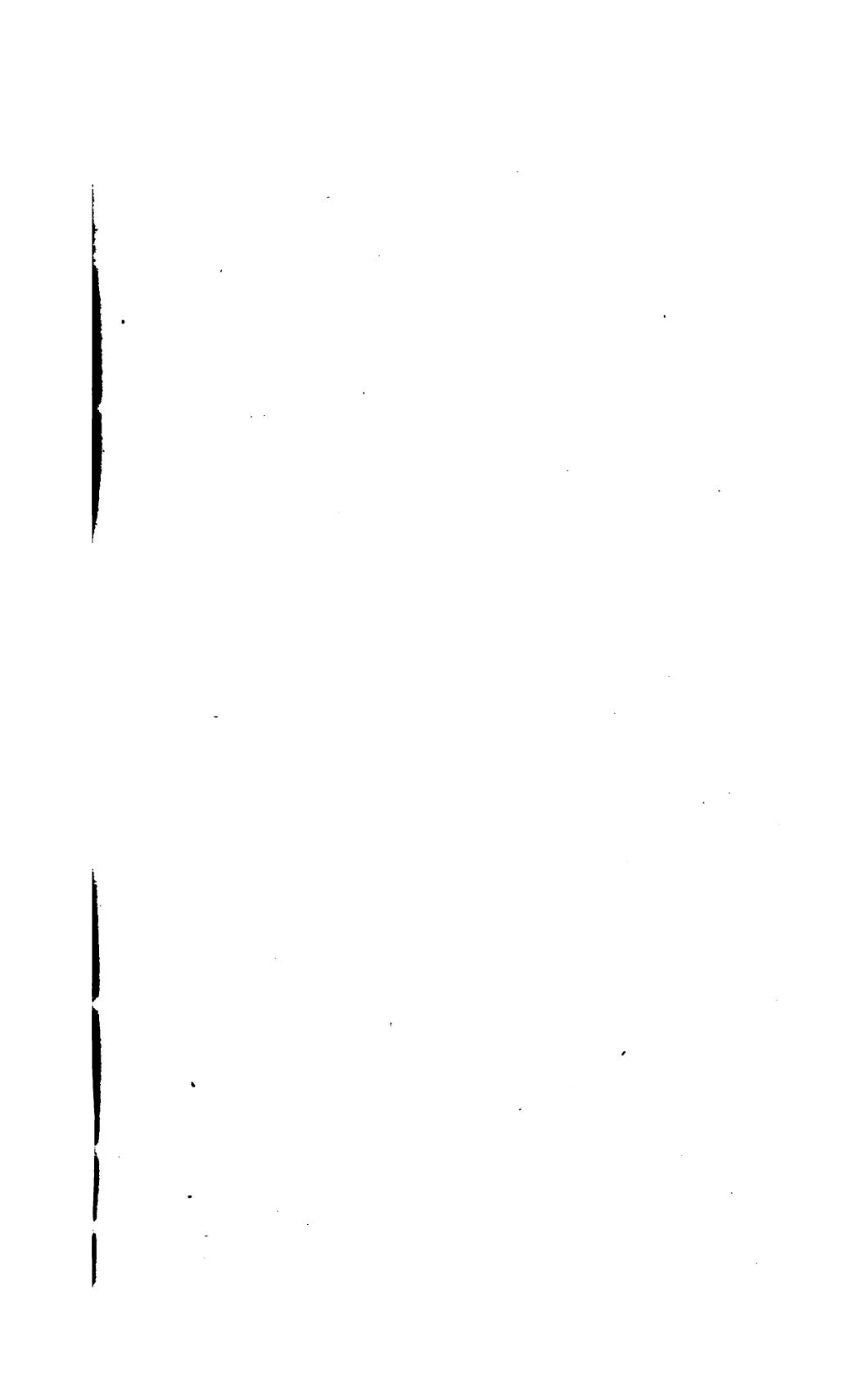


Grand Chaplain.



Grand Registrar.







President of the Board of General Purposes.



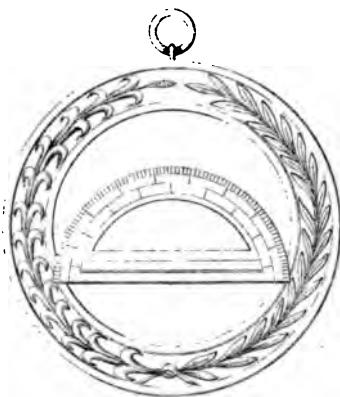
Grand Secretary.



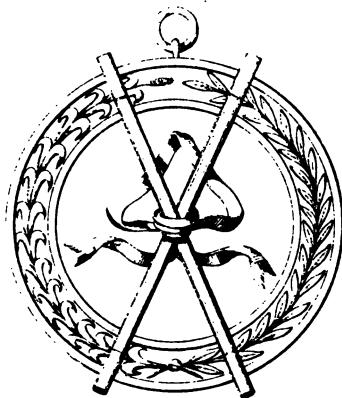
Grand Deacon.







Grand Superintendent of Works.



Grand Director of Ceremonies.



Grand. Sword Bearer.



Grand. Organist.



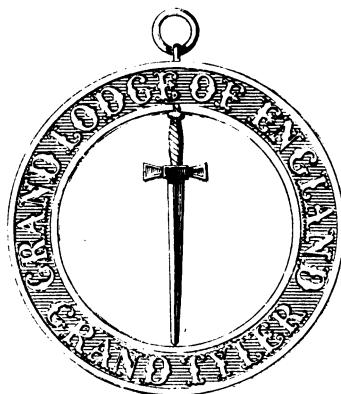




Grand Pursuivant



Grand Steward.



Grand Tyler



Collar of a Past Grand Officer of the G.L. of England.







Provincial Grand Master.

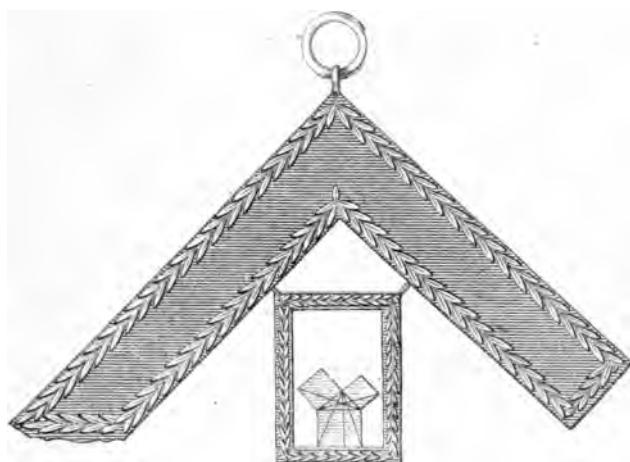


Deputy Provincial Grand Master.

*The Name of the Province alone without any Ornament or Emblem to be  
engraven on the Circle of all Provincial Officers Jewels.*

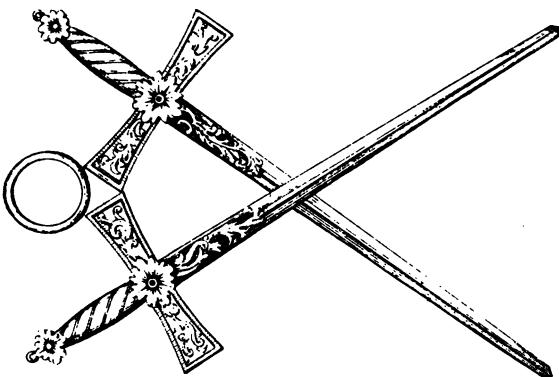


Master of Lodge

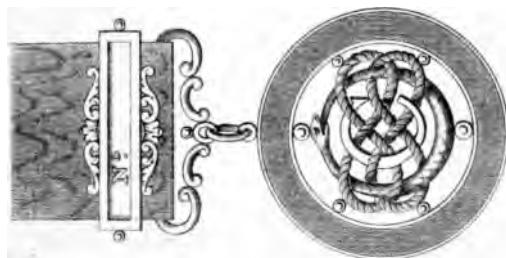


Past Master.

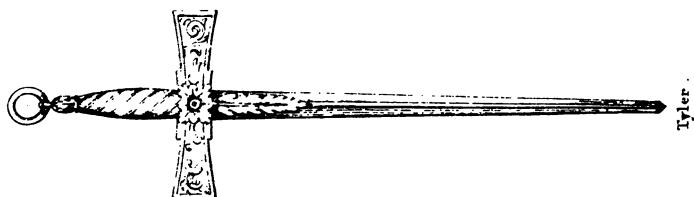




Inner Guard.



Centenary Jewel.



Tyler.



Antient Free and Accepted Masons of England

Consecration  
OR  
The "Felix" Lodge,  
No. 1494.

AT THE

CLARENCE HOTEL, TEDDINGTON.

*On Saturday, May 30th, 1874.*

BRO. EDWARD B. GRABHAM, Designate.

BRO. MAJOR GEORGE BARLOW, S.W. , ,

BRO. F. SUMNER KNYVETT, J.W. , ,

THE  
CEREMONIES OF CONSECRATION & INSTALLATION,

By the W. Bro. ROBr. WENTWORTH LITTLE, P.M.  
Provincial Grand Secretary.

The Officer appointed by the R. W. Provincial Master,

ASSISTED BY THE

W. Bro. THOMAS WILLIAM WHITE, P.M.,  
Past Grand Steward.

*The Musical arrangements under the direction of*

BRO. RICHARD LIMPUS, 1309, 1326, 1423.

*Provincial Grand Organist.*

## PROGRAMME.

— - - - -

1. —The Brethren assemble in the Ante Room and walk in procession to the Lodge Room.
- 2.—The Presiding Officer takes the Chair, and appoints the Wardens *pro tem.*
- 3.—The Lodge is opened in the Three Degrees.
- 4.—The Presiding Officer addresses the Brethren on the nature of the Meeting, and calls on the Chaplain to give the prayer.
- 5.—The Acting Secretary addresses the Presiding Officer.
- 6.—The Presiding Officer replies, and gives directions.
- 7.—The Brethren of the new Lodge are then arranged in order.
- 8.—The Acting Secretary reads the Petition and Warrant.
- 9.—The Presiding Officer enquires of the Brethren if they approve of the Officers named in Petition and Warrant.
- 10.—The Brethren signify their approval in Masonic Form.
- 11.—An Oration on the Nature and Principles of the Institution.
- 12.—An Anthem (133rd Psalm)  

“Behold, how good and joyful a thing it is for Brethren to dwell together in unity ! It is like the precious ointment upon the head, that ran down unto the beard, even unto Aaron’s beard ; and went down to the skirts of his clothing, It is like the dew of Hermon which fell upon the hill of Sion ; For there the Lord promised His Blessing, and life for evermore.
- 13.—Dedication Prayer (*first portion.*)
- 14.—*Omnes*—Chant, “So mote it be.”
- 15.—*Sanctus*—“Glory be to Thee, O Lord.”

16. (All the Brethren turn to the East when the Presiding Officer gives *Invocation.*)

17.—*Omnis*—Chant, “So mote it be.”

18.—The Chaplain will read II. Chron. Chap., i to xvi Verses.

19.—The Lodge Board is then uncovered, and the Master and Wardens ~~process~~ carry the Elements of Consecration three times round the Lodge, (*Solemn Music during Procession*), halting in the East at each perambulation.

20.—The Presiding Officer then Dedicates the Lodge.

21.—Anthem.

“Glory be to God on High,  
Peace on earth,  
Goodwill towards men.”

22.—The Chaplain takes the Censer three times round the Lodge (*Solemn Music during his progress*), halting in the East.

23.—Dedication Prayer (*second portion*).

23.—*Omnis*,—Chant, “So mote it be.”

25.—The Presiding Officer then Constitutes the Lodge.

26.—*Omnis*—Chant, “So mote it be.”

27.—An Anthem.

“Glory to God in the highest,  
Let all the Brethren cry aloud,  
Praise ye the Lord !  
For His merciful kindness is ever great towards us,  
And the truth of the Lord endureth for ever ;  
Blessed be the name of the Lord from this time forth for evermore.

#### THE LODGE IS RESUMED IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

*Installation of the W. M. and Appointment of Officers.*

PROPOSITIONS FOR INITIATION AND JOINING.





CONSECRATION  
OF  
THE "ELLIOT" LODGE,  
No. 1,567,  
AT THE  
RAILWAY HOTEL, SELTHAM, MIDDLESEX,  
On SATURDAY, 6th NOVEMBER.

—  
BRO. JOHN MASON, W.M., Designate.  
" FRANK GREEN, S.W., "  
" WILLIAM DUNHAM, J.W., "

—  
The Ceremonies of Consecration & Installation

BY  
W. BRO. ROBERT WENTWORTH LITTLE, P.M.,  
*Prov. S. G. Warden, Middlesex,*

ASSISTED BY

BRO. THE REV. P. M. HOLDEN,  
*Prov. G. Chaplain, Middlesex, as Chaplain,*

AND

W. BRO. THOMAS W. WHITE,  
*P. G. Steward, as D.C.*

—  
The Musical Arrangements under the direction of  
BRO. KNIGHT SMITH, ORGANIST, 1441.

# PROGRAMME.



- 1.—The Brethren assemble in the Ante-Room, and walk in procession to the Lodge Room.
- 2.—The Presiding Officer takes the Chair, and appoints the Wardens *ad locum.*
- 3.—The Lodge is opened in the Three Degrees.
- 4.—The Presiding Officer addresses the Brethren on the nature of the Meeting, and calls on the Chaplain to give the prayer.
- 5.—The D.C. addresses the Presiding Officer.
- 6.—The Presiding Officer replies, and gives directions.
- 7.—The Brethren of the new Lodge are then arranged in order.
- 8.—The Acting Secretary reads the Petition and Warrant.
- 9.—The Presiding Officer enquires of the Brethren if they approve of the Officers named in Petition and Warrant.
- 10.—The Brethren signify their approval in Masonic Form.
- 11.—An Oration on the Nature and Principles of the Institution. By Rev. P. M. Holden.
- 12.—Hymn.

God of the widow hear,  
Our work of mercy bless,  
God of the fatherless be near,  
And grant us great success.

O praise the Lord to-day,  
His constant mercy bless,  
Whose love will help us on our way,  
And crown us with success.

- 13.—Dedication Prayer (*first portion*).
- 14.—*Omnia*—Chant, "So mote it be."
- 15.—*Sanctus*—"Glory be to Thee, O Lord."

15.—All the Brethren turn to the East for the *Consecration*.)

16.—*Omnes*—Chant, “So mote it be.”

17.—The Chaplain will read II. Chmn. Chap. ii, Verse i. to xii.

18.—The Lodge Board is then uncovered, and the Master and Wardens *pro tem* carry the Elements of Consecration three times round the Lodge. *Solemn Music during Progress*, halting in the East at each perambulation.

20.—*Hymn*.

Almighty Father God of Grace,  
To whom we humbly bow,  
Our assembled in this place,  
Thy blessing now bestow.

Oh may our work begun in Thee,  
Find favour in Thy sight,  
And every faithful brother be  
Perfected by Thy might.

21.—The Chaplain takes the Censer three times round the Lodge (*Solemn Music during his progress*), halting in the East.

22.—The Presiding Officer then dedicates the Lodge.

23.—Dedication Prayer (*Second Portion*).

24.—*Omnes*—Chant, “So mote it be.”

25.—The Presiding Officer then Constitutes the Lodge.

26.—*Omnes*. Chant, “So mote it be.”

27.—National Anthem.

Glory to God on high,  
Let heaven and earth reply,  
Praise ye His name.  
Masons His love adore,  
Tiled in their mystic lore,  
And cry out evermore,  
Glory to God !

So mote it be.



THE LODGE IS RESUMED IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

## Installation of the W.M. & Appointment of Officers.

PROPOSITIONS FOR INITIATION AND JOINING..

NOTICES OF MOTION.













